Gold Fields Limited Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration Number 1968/004880/06) JSE, NYSE, DIFX Share Code: GFI ISIN: ZAE000018123 "Gold Fields" or "the Company")

MEDIA RELEASE

Operational update for the guarter ended 31 March 2023

SALIENT FEATURES

- 577,000 ounces of attributable production
- US\$1,152 per ounce of all-in sustaining cost
- US\$1,343 per ounce of all-in cost

JOHANNESBURG, 04 May 2023: Gold Fields Limited (JSE and NYSE: GFI) is pleased to provide an operational update for the quarter ended 31 March 2023.

Detailed financial and operational results are provided on a six-monthly basis i.e. at the end of June and December.

Poor safety start in Q1 2023

The safety of our people remains our overriding priority. Tragically, in Q1 2023, we had a fatal incident at our Tarkwa mine in Ghana, where a sub-contractor was killed in a workshop accident. Furthermore, two contractors died after a vehicle accident at the Galiano Gold-managed Asanko joint venture (JV), also in Ghana. On behalf of Gold Fields, I would like to extend our deepest condolences to the families of those affected and reiterate our commitment to continuously strengthening our safety systems, standards, and behaviours.

Solid operational performance

Group attributable equivalent gold production was 577koz, largely flat year on year (YoY) (down 4% quarter on quarter (QoQ)). Group production remains on track to deliver the FY 2023 guidance provided in February 2023. Group AISC for the quarter was US\$1,152/oz, also largely flat YoY and up 8% QoQ. AIC for the Group was US\$1,343/oz, 2% higher YoY (up 3% QoQ) due to higher capital expenditure at the Salares Norte project.

Net debt at the end of the quarter was US\$875m, compared to US\$704m at the end of December 2022, primarily driven by the payment of the final dividend of US\$215m and a non-controlling interest holders dividend of US\$3m. The Group generated free cash flow of US\$83m in Q1 2023. The balance sheet remains in a very strong position, with net debt to EBITDA at the end of the quarter of 0.36x, compared to 0.29x at the end of Q4 2022.

Q1 2023 operational performance

The Australian region produced 243koz, down 6% YoY (down 12% QoQ) at AIC of A\$1,812/oz (US\$1,239/oz) (up 6% YoY and up 16% QoQ) and AISC of A\$1,658/oz (US\$1,134/oz) (up 3% YoY and up 19% QoQ).

South Africa reported Q1 2023 production of 88koz, 13% higher YoY (up 16% QoQ) at AIC of R751,830/kg (US\$1,317/oz) (up 7% YoY and down 7% QoQ) and AISC of R751,830/kg (US\$1,317/oz) (up 12% YoY and down 1% QoQ).

Our mines in Ghana produced 193koz (including 45% of Asanko), down 8% YoY (down 3% QoQ), at AIC of US\$1,193/oz (down 2% YoY and down 8% QoQ) and AISC of US\$1,169/oz (down 1% YoY and down 8% QoQ).

Production at Cerro Corona in Peru was 75koz (gold equivalent), 34% higher YoY, mainly due to lower gold and copper grades mined in the March 2022 quarter in line with the mining plan (up 6% QoQ) at AIC of US\$853 per gold equivalent ounce (down 15% YoY and down 15% QoQ) and AISC of US\$777 per gold equivalent ounce (down 19% YoY and down 13% QoQ).

Update on Salares Norte

The Salares Norte project continued to make positive progress during the March quarter. Total construction progress at the end of March was 90.3% compared to 85.7% at the end of Q4 2022. The project is fully staffed with the camp at full capacity. In addition to completing construction, the focus at the project includes dealing with punch list items to ensure successful commissioning. Total project progress was 90.4% as at the end of March 2023 compared to 86.7% at the end of December 2022.

Total spend for the March quarter was US\$115m, comprising of US\$92m in capital expenditure, US\$10m in exploration expenditure and a US\$13m investment in working capital.

Total tonnes mined for the March quarter increased by 14% to 8.9Mt (including 420kt of ore containing 97koz of gold) from 7.8Mt for the December quarter (including 422kt of ore containing 79koz of gold). As a result, there were 176koz on stockpile at the end of March.

As guided in February 2023, first production is expected during Q4 2023, with a quick ramp-up in 2024. The project capex remains on track to meet revised guidance of US\$1,020m.

Outlook and 2023 guidance unchanged

Gold Fields remains on track to meet the original production and cost guidance provided in February 2023. Attributable gold equivalent production (excluding Asanko) is expected to be between 2.25Moz - 2.30Moz (2022 comparable was 2.32Moz).

AISC is expected to be between US\$1,300/oz - US\$1,340/oz, with AIC expected to be US\$1,480/oz - US\$1,520/oz. The exchange rates used for our 2023 guidance are: R/US\$17.00 and US\$/A\$0.70.

Integrated reporting

At the end of March, we released a suite of reports under the umbrella of the 2022 Integrated Annual Report (IAR). These include the IAR itself, the Annual Financial Report (including our Governance Report), the Mineral Resource and Reserve supplement and the Climate Change Report, produced in line with the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure (TCFD). This was followed up in early May with the 2022 Report to Stakeholders and the GRI Content Index.

Environmental, social and governance (ESG) highlights

In December 2021, we took a significant step by committing to a range of 2030 ESG targets, which we started implementing during 2022. The table below lists our six ESG priorities, the respective 2030 targets and how we performed against these targets during 2022. As part of our market presentation, we will highlight our progress against these priorities.

Our ESG priorities, 2030 targets and 2022 performance

Priority	Category	2030 targets	2022 performance	Comment
	Fatalities	0	1	Read more in the safety sectio
Safety, health, well-being	Serious injuries	0	5	2
and the environment	Serious environmental	-	_	Fourth consecutive year of zer
	incidents	0	0	serious environmental incident
Gender diversity	Female representation	30% of total workforce	23%	On track to meet 2030 target
	Total value creation			
	for host communities	30% of total		
Stakeholder value		value creation	27%	On track to meet 2030 target

ecutive year of zero ironmental incidents

n the safety section

creation	New legacy programmes for host communities	6	0	On track to me
Describentier	Reduce absolute emissions from 2016 baseline (Scope 1 and 2)	50%	18%	Achieved throu initiatives an
Decarbonisation				projects as tw commissioned :
	Reduce net emissions from 2016 baseline (Scope 1 and 2)	30%	+1%	Increased net impact of the will be felt :
	Global Industry Standard on	Con (com by 2025	On two sky	
Tailings management	Tailings Management	Conform by 2025	On track	Priority faci 2023, the rema
	Reduce the number of active upstream-raised tailings			,
	storage facilities (TSFs)	3	5	Working toward Tarkwa TSFs 1 to downstream end-2024
	Water recycled or reused	80% of total	75% of total	
Water stewardship	Reduce freshwater use from	water used	water used	On track to me
	2018 baseline	45%	41%	
Underpinned by a strong commitment				

Gold Fields partners with Osisko to develop the Windfall Project

On 2 May, we announced a partnership with Osisko Mining to develop and mine the world class underground Windfall Project in Québec, Canada, now known as the Windfall Mining Group. Under executed and implemented transaction agreements, Gold Fields, through a 100% held Canadian subsidiary, has acquired a 50% interest in the feasibility stage Windfall Project (including exploration potential) on the following key terms:

• Cash payment of C\$300m (c.US\$220m) paid on signing;

• Cash payment of C\$300m payable on issuance of key permits by the Deputy Minister of Québec's Ministère de l'Environnement, de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques, de la Faune et des Parcs (MELCCFP) to the Partnership authorising the construction and operation of the Windfall Project; and

• 50/50 co-share of interim and construction capital expenditures.

In addition, we have also acquired a 50% up-front vested interest in Osisko's highly prospective Urban Barry and Quévillon district exploration camps, totalling approximately 2,400km2 (Exploration Properties), which will be co-explored and co-developed under the Partnership. In exchange, Gold Fields will fund the first C\$75m in regional exploration on those Exploration Properties over the first seven years of the Partnership.

Delivering on our strategy Our strategy is made of three pillars, as communicated towards the end of 2021 and reaffirmed to the market earlier this year, namely:

- Pillar 1: Maximise the potential of our current assets through people and innovation
- Pillar 2: Build on our leading commitment to ESG
- Pillar 3: Grow the value and quality of our portfolio of assets

Our progress against pillar 1 continued during Q1 with the asset optimisation programme kicking off at St Ives and then moving on to Tarkwa. We expect to provide more detail on this work later in 2023.

In addition, during the quarter, Gold Fields and AngloGold Ashanti announced an agreement on the key terms of a proposed joint venture between

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meet 2030 target
rough energy efficiency
and renewable energy
two major projects were
in 2022
et emissions in 2022. The
ne new renewable projects
in 2023
cilities to comply by August
emainder by 2025
ards the transition of
1 and 2 from upstream
am-raised facilities by
meet 2030 targets
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Gold Fields' Tarkwa and AngloGold Ashanti's neighbouring Iduapriem mines in Ghana. Initial engagement with the government occurred in March, with formal negotiations expected to commence later in May 2023. This is a good example of a value accretive transaction that is focused on maximising the potential at one of our cornerstone assets.

As highlighted above, we continue to make good progress on our six ESG priorities and are on track to meet our 2030 targets.

As previously communicated, Gold Fields will continue to look at value accretive inorganic opportunities to bolster our pipeline. These options will include greenfields targets, development projects or bolt-on acquisitions of producing assets.

The recently announced partnership with Osisko Mining and the joint venture with AngloGold Ashanti in Ghana demonstrates our commitment to growing the value and quality of our portfolio of assets. Further, adding in Salares Norte, which is expected to come into production at the end of this year, strengthens Gold Fields' future production profile and enhances its position on the cost curve.

Martin Preece Interim Chief Executive Officer

04 May 2023

Key statistics

	United States Dollars					
			Quarter			
			December			
Figures in millions unless otherwise stated		March 2023	2022	March 2022		
Gold produced*	oz (000)	577	601	580		
Tonnes milled/treated	000	10,699	10,638	10,520		
Revenue (excluding Asanko)	US\$/oz	1,901	1,736	1,884		
Cost of sales before gold inventory change and						
amortisation and depreciation (excluding Asanko)						
US\$/tonne		51	50	47		
All-in sustaining costs	US\$/oz	1,152	1,063	1,150		
Total all-in cost	US\$/oz	1,343	1,298	1,320		
Net debt	US\$m	875	704	984		
Net debt (excluding lease liabilities)	US\$m	454	310	559		
Net debt to EBITDA ratio		0.36	0.29	0.39		
* Cold produced in this table is attributable and in	aludae Cald F	iolds shape of 15	Win Acanka			

* Gold produced in this table is attributable and includes Gold Fields share of 45% in Asanko.

At 31 March 2023, all operations are wholly owned, except for Tarkwa and Damang in Ghana (90.0%), South Deep in South Africa (96.43%), Cerro Corona in Peru (99.5%), Gruyere JV (50%) and Asanko JV (45% equity share).

Gold produced and sold throughout this report includes copper gold equivalents of approximately 6% of Group production.

All-in-sustaining costs and total all-in cost in the key statistics table include all Gold Fields operations, projects and offices. The tables on pages 6 and 7 present only the mining operations and Salares Norte project.

Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.

All-in cost reconciliation

	United	States Dolla	rs
		Quarter	
		December	
stated	March 2023	2022	March 2022

Figures in millions unless otherwise s

All-in cost for mining operations	US\$/oz	1,142	1,119	1,198
Salares Norte	US\$/oz	183	169	109
Total all-in cost for mining operations				
including Salares Norte	US\$/oz	1,325	1,288	1,307
Corporate and other	US\$/oz	18	10	13
Total all-in cost	US\$/oz	1,343	1,298	1,320

Currencies and metal prices

		United	States Dollars Quarter December	
Figures in millions unless otherwise stated		March 2023	2022	March 2022
US\$ - ZAR		17.75	17.61	15.22
A\$ - US\$		0.68	0.66	0.72
Gold price (US\$/oz)		1,901	1,736	1,884
Copper price (US\$/tonne)		8,930	8,006	9,985
STOCK DATA FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2023				
Number of shares in issue		JSE LIMIT	ED - (GFI)	
- at end March 2023	893,527,657	Range - Q	uarter	ZAR163.82 - ZAR243.42
- average for the period	892,649,602	Average v	olume - Quarter	3,598,531 shares/day
Free float	100 per cent	NYSE - (G	FI)	
ADR ratio	1:1	Range - Q	uarter	US\$9.05 - US\$13.50
Bloomberg/Reuters	GFISJ/GFLJ.J	Average v	olume - Quarter	5,697,296 shares/day

Salient features and cost benchmarks

		ects and projects		United St	tates Dolla	rs	
	Equ	ity- Equity-			Australia		
	Accou	nted Accounted			Region		
Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated		oint Joint ture Venture		Gruyere	Australia Granny		
St Ives Agnew Operating results			Total	50%	Smith	St Ives	Agnew
Ore milled/ treated	Mar 2023 1	0,699 9,994	2,949	1,234	407	990	318
990 318 (000 tonnes)	Dec 2022 1	0,638 9,955	2,698	1,066	396	917	319
917 319	Mar 2022 1	0,520 9,853	2,772	1,071	389	1,021	292
1,021 292 Yield (grams	Mar 2023	1.7 1.8	2.6	1.0	4.6	2.9	4.7

Australian Dollars

	Region Gruyere	Granny
Total	50%	Smith
2,949	1,234	407
2,698	1,066	396
2,772	1,071	389
2.6	1.0	4.6

2.9 4.7								
per tonne)	Dec 2022	1.8	1.9	3.2	1.1	6.0	3.5	5.9
3.5 5.9	Mar 2022	1.8	1.8	2.9	1.0	5.3	2.9	6.7
2.9 6.7								
Gold produced 92.7 48.0	Mar 2023	598.8	584.1	242.8	41.3	60.8	92.7	48.0
(000 managed 101.9 60.6	Dec 2022	622.7	607.3	276.2	37.1	76.6	101.9	60.6
equivalent ounces)	Mar 2022	602.0	582.9	258.4	35.6	65.9	93.9	63.0
93.9 63.0 Gold produced	Mar 2023	577.5	562.8	242.8	41.3	60.8	92.7	48.0
92.7 48.0 (000 attributable	Dec 2022	601.2	585.8	276.2	37.1	76.6	101.9	60.6
101.9 60.6 equivalent ounces)	Mar 2022	579.9	560.8	258.4	35.6	65.9	93.9	63.0
93.9 63.0								
Gold sold 98.0 47.8	Mar 2023	610.2	594.3	248.6	41.8	60.9	98.0	47.8
(000 managed 96.9 60.2	Dec 2022	612.7	597.3	270.3	37.1	76.1	96.9	60.2
equivalent ounces) 95.9 64.5	Mar 2022	602.4	583.5	255.3	35.1	59.7	95.9	64.5
Cost of sales	Mar 2023	(474.0	(458.0)	(199.8)	(30.7)	(50.5)	(73.0)	(45.5)
(106.8) (66.6) before amortisation (79.1) (68.0)	Dec 2022	(438.0	(423.2)	(166.0)	(24.1)	(46.6)	(50.8)	(44.5)
and depreciation (million)	Mar 2022	(477.2	(452.8)	(198.3)	(23.7)	(46.1)	(79.4)	(49.0)
(109.7) (67.7) Cost of sales	Mar 2023	49	51	72	22	131	84	152
122 222								
before gold 127 216	Dec 2022	48	50	74	28	118	84	142
inventory change and amortisation								
and depreciation	Mar. 2022	10	47	C 0	25	120	62	160
(dollar per tonne) 87 223	Mar 2022	46	47	69	25	136	63	162
Sustaining capital (21.1) (17.4)	Mar 2023	(160.9	(158.7)	(48.5)	(8.0)	(14.2)	(14.4)	(11.9)
(million)	Dec 2022	(156.5	(154.3)	(50.0)	(7.6)	(20.9)	(10.5)	(11.1)
(17.2) (17.1)	Mar 2022	(161.0	(160.5)	(66.0)	(9.1)	(13.3)	(28.1)	(15.5)
(38.8) (21.5) Non-sustaining	Mar 2023	(87.5	(86.3)	(19.5)	-	(7.7)	(4.2)	(7.6)
(6.2) (11.1) capital	Dec 2022	(108.1	(107.7)	(23.0)	-	(10.1)	(4.8)	(8.1)
(7.2) (12.3)								
(million) (0.2) (11.8)	Mar 2022	(89.8	(89.2)	(16.0)	-	(7.3)	(0.2)	(8.6)
Total capital (27.3) (28.5)	Mar 2023	(248.4	(245.0)	(68.0)	(8.0)	(21.9)	(18.6)	(19.5)
expenditure	Dec 2022	(264.6	(262.0)	(73.0)	(7.6)	(31.0)	(15.3)	(19.2)

3.2	1.1	6.0
2.9	1.0	5.3
242.8	41.3	60.8
276.2	37.1	76.6
258.4	35.6	65.9
242.8	41.3	60.8
276.2	37.1	76.6
258.4	35.6	65.9
248.6	41.8	60.9
270.3	37.1	76.1
255.3	35.1	59.7
(292.1)	(44.9)	(73.9)
(255.4)	(36.8)	(71.5)
(273.9)	(32.7)	(63.7)
(275.9)	(32.7)	(03.7)
405		100
105	33	192
105 112	33 43	192 180
112	43	180
112 95	43 34	180 188
112 95 (70.9)	43 34 (11.7)	180 188 (20.8)
112 95 (70.9) (77.2)	43 34 (11.7) (11.7)	180 188 (20.8) (31.2)
112 95 (70.9) (77.2) (91.2)	43 34 (11.7) (11.7)	180 188 (20.8) (31.2) (18.3)
112 95 (70.9) (77.2) (91.2) (28.5)	43 34 (11.7) (11.7)	180 188 (20.8) (31.2) (18.3) (11.3)
112 95 (70.9) (77.2) (91.2) (28.5) (34.8)	43 34 (11.7) (11.7)	180 188 (20.8) (31.2) (18.3) (11.3) (15.3)

(24.4) (29.4)								
(million)	Mar 2022	(250.8	(249.7)	(82.0)	(9.1)	(20.6)	(28.3)	(24.1)
(39.0) (33.3)								
All-in-sustaining	Mar 2023	1,135	1,131	1,134	1,061	1,200	999	1,390
1,461 2,032								
costs	Dec 2022	1,052	1,048	903	986	982	713	1,060
1,116 1,622								
(dollar per ounce)	Mar 2022	1,136	1,122	1,161	1,088	1,133	1,217	1,142
1,681 1,577								
Total all-in-cost	Mar 2023	1,325	1,323	1,239	1,077	1,340	1,079	1,580
1,578 2,311								
(dollar per ounce)	Dec 2022	1,288	1,289	1,020	989	1,140	807	1,228
1,257 1,878								
	Mar 2022	1,307	1,295	1,241	1,088	1,279	1,244	1,285
1,718 1,775								

Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R17.75, US\$1 = R17.61 and US\$1 = R15.22 for the March 2023, December 2022 and March 2022 quarters, respectively. The Australian/US Dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = US\$0.68, A\$1 = US\$0.66 and A\$1 = US\$0.72 for March 2023, December 2022 and March 2022 quarters, respectively. Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.

Salient features and cost benchmarks continued

Figures are in millions unless otherwise stated		United South States African Dollars Rand South Africa Region		United States Dollars Ghana Region			
Corona		South Deep	South Deep	Total	Damang	Tarkwa	Asanko* 45%
Operating results							
Ore milled/treated (000 tonnes) 1,687	Mar 2023	742	742	5,322	1,182	3,435	705
	Dec 2022	739	739	5,522	1,224	3,615	683
1,678	Mar 2022	734	734	5,286	1,171	3,447	667
1,729 Yield (grams per tonne) 1.4	Mar 2023	3.7	3.7	1.1	1.0	1.3	0.6
	Dec 2022	3.2	3.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.7
1.3	Mar 2022	3.3	3.3	1.2	1.6	1.2	0.9
1.0 Gold produced (000 managed							
equivalent ounces)	Mar 2023	87.9	2,734	193.0	39.5	138.8	14.7
75.1	Dec 2022	76.1	2,368	199.6	44.7	139.6	15.3
70.7	Mar 2022	78.0	2,425	209.5	62.0	128.5	19.1
56.1 Gold produced (000 attributable equivalent ounces)	Mar 2023	84.8	2,636	175.2	35.5	124.9	14.7

(113.4)	(12.6)	(28.4)
1,658	1,552	1,756
1,389	1,508	1,494
1,604	1,503	1,565
1,812	1,575	1,960
1,565	1,513	1,734
1,714	1,503	1,767

	American Regio Chile Salares Norte	on Peru Cerro
Total	Project	
1,687	-	
1,678	-	
1,729	-	
1.4	-	
1.3	-	
1.0	-	
75.1	-	
70.7	-	
56.1	-	
74.7	-	

74.7							
	Dec 2022	73.4	2,283	181.2	40.2	125.7	15.3
70.4	Mar 2022	75.2	2,338	190.5	55.8	115.7	19.1
55.8		,,,,	2,550	25015	5510	11017	2312
Gold sold (000 managed equivalent ounces)	Mar 2023	87.1	2,708	197.7	40.5	141.4	15.8
76.8	1101 2025	07.1	2,700	10/./	40.5	141.4	15.0
70.2	Dec 2022	76.1	2,367	196.1	43.6	137.1	15.4
/0.2	Mar 2022	78.0	2,425	209.3	62.0	128.5	18.9
59.8 Cost of sales before amortisation							
and depreciation (million)	Mar 2023	(93.1)	(1,651.7)	(142.4)	(43.3)	(83.1)	(16.0)
(45.0)	Dec 2022	(74.6)	(1,322.4)	(160.5)	(43.5)	(102.2)	(14.8)
(42.0)							
(46.4)	Mar 2022	(81.3)	(1,237.6)	(151.2)	(37.1)	(89.7)	(24.4)
Cost of sales before gold inventory							
change and amortisation and 31	Mar 2023	106	1,888	34	43	33	21
depreciation (dollar per tonne)	Dec 2022	104	1,849	31	35	33	19
36	Mar 2022	110	1,679	32	47	25	39
27							
Sustaining capital (million) (3.4)	Mar 2023	(18.6)	(329.3)	(59.8)	(1.8)	(55.8)	(2.2)
	Dec 2022	(21.0)	(375.7)	(65.4)	(8.0)	(55.3)	(2.1)
(9.4)	Mar 2022	(23.4)	(356.4)	(68.7)	(10.9)	(57.2)	(0.5)
(2.9)		. ,	、 <i>、</i>				
Non-sustaining capital (million)	Mar 2023	-	-	(1.2)	-	-	(1.2)
(5.1)	D 2022						
(6.5)	Dec 2022	(5.6)	(98.1)	(3.0)	(2.6)	-	(0.4)
	Mar 2022	(5.3)	(81.2)	(3.2)	(2.6)	-	(0.6)
(2.2) Total capital expenditure							
(million)	Mar 2023	(18.6)	(329.3)	(61.0)	(1.8)	(55.8)	(3.4)
(8.5)	Dec 2022	(26.6)	(473.8)	(68.4)	(10.6)	(55.3)	(2.5)
(15.9)	Man 2022	(20 7)	(127.6)	(71.0)	(12 5)	(57.2)	(1 1)
(5.1)	Mar 2022	(28.7)	(437.6)	(71.9)	(13.5)	(57.2)	(1.1)
All-in-sustaining costs (dollar per ounce)	Man 2022	1 217	751 930	1 160	1 262	1 1 2 1	1 269
(230)	Mar 2023	1,317	751,830	1,169	1,263	1,131	1,268
136	Dec 2022	1,341	763,157	1,265	1,296	1,260	1,217
	Mar 2022	1,373	671,829	1,181	891	1,269	1,538
(129) Total all-in-cost (dollar per ounce)	Mar 2023	1,317	751,830	1,193	1,329	1 121	1,394
Totar arr-in-cost (uorran per ounce)	mai 2025	1,21/	920,1C1	2,220	2,329	1,131	±,394

5.7	15.3	70.4	-
5.7	19.1	55.8	-
L.4	15.8	76.8	-
7.1	15.4	70.2	_
8.5	18.9	59.8	-
3.1)	(16.0)	(38.8)	6.2
2.2)	(14.8)	(36.9)	5.2
9.7)	(24.4)	(46.4)	-
33	21	32	-
33	19	36	-
25	39	27	-
5.8)	(2.2)	(34.0)	(30.6)
5.3)	(2.1)	(20.1)	(10.7)
7.2)	(0.5)	(2.9)	-
_	(1.2)	(66.8)	(61.7)
_	(0.4)	(76.5)	(70.0)
-	(0.6)	(65.2)	(63.0)
5.8)	(3.4)	(100.8)	(92.3)
5.3)	(2.5)	(96.6)	(80.7)
7.2)	(1.1)	(68.1)	(63.0)
131	1,268	583#	-
260	1,217	-	-
269	1,538	-	-
131	1,394	2,516#	-

(86)	Dec 2022	1 415	804,575	1 202	1 420	1,260	1 227
325	DEC 2022	1,415	804,575	1,295	1,420	1,200	1,227
	Mar 2022	1,441	705,316	1,213	967	1,269	1,639

(27)

Average exchange rates were US\$1 = R17.75, US\$1 = R17.61 and US\$1 = R15.22 for the March 2023, December 2022 and March 2022 quarters, respectively. The Australian/US Dollar exchange rates were A\$1 = US\$0.68, A\$1 = US\$0.66 and A\$1 = US\$0.72 for March 2023, December 2022 and March 2022 quarters, respectively. Figures may not add as they are rounded independently. Equity-accounted JV.

Includes all-in cost with no gold sold for Salares Norte as the project is still under construction

Review of operations

Quarter ended 31 March 2023 compared with quarter ended 31 December 2022

Figures may not add as they are rounded independently.

Australia region Gruyere

		March 2023	December 2022	% Variance
Mine physicals in table on a 100% basis				
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes 000	2,156	2,468	(13)%
Waste (Capital)	tonnes 000	3,851	2,799	38%
Waste (Operational)	tonnes 000	1,882	3,010	(37)%
Total waste mined	tonnes 000	5,733	5,809	(1)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	7,889	8,277	(5)%
Grade mined	g/t	1.14	1.18	(3)%
Gold mined	000'oz	79.0	93.7	(16)%
Strip ratio	waste/ore 000	2.7	2.4	13%
Tonnes milled	tonnes	2,468	2,131	16%
Yield	g/t	1.04	1.08	(4)%
Gold produced	000'oz	82.6	74.2	11%
Gold sold	000'oz	83.6	74.3	13%
AISC	A\$/oz	1,552	1,508	3%
	US\$/oz	1,061	986	8%
AIC	A\$/oz	1,575	1,513	4%
	US\$/oz	1,077	989	9%
Sustaining capital expenditure - 50% basis	A\$m	11.7	11.7	-%
	US\$m	8.0	7.6	5%
Non-sustaining capital expenditure - 50% basis	A\$m	-	-	-%
	US\$m	-	-	-%
Total capital expenditure - 50% basis	A\$m	11.7	11.7	-%
	US\$m	8.0	7.6	5%

Gold production increased by 11% to 82,600oz in the March quarter from 74,200oz in the December quarter due to increased tonnes milled sourced from a combination of ore mined and stockpiles treated.

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Ore mined decreased by 13% to 2.16Mt in the March quarter from 2.47Mt in the December quarter, however, remained in line with the mine plan, with ore sourced mainly from stages 2 and 3 of the Gruyere pit. Pre-strip activities increased at stage 4 of the pit, resulting in an increase in capital waste mined of 38% to 3.85Mt in the March quarter from 2.80Mt in the December quarter, with first ore extracted from stage 4 in the latter part of the March quarter. As a result of the increased capital waste mined, operational waste mined decreased by 37% to 1.88Mt in the March quarter from 3.01Mt in the December quarter.

As a result of the 13% decrease in ore mined and combined with a 3% decrease in mined grade to 1.14g/t in the March quarter from 1.18g/t in the December quarter, gold mined decreased by 16% to 79,000oz in the March quarter from 93,700oz in the December quarter.

Tonnes milled increased by 16% to 2.47Mt in the March quarter from 2.13Mt in the December quarter due to increased process plant availability.

All-in cost increased by 4% to A\$1,575/oz (US\$1,077/oz) in the March quarter from A\$1,513/oz (US\$989/oz) in the December quarter due to a A\$4m (US\$3m) gold inventory charge to cost in the March quarter compared with a A\$9m (US\$6m) gold inventory credit to cost in the December quarter, partially offset by increased gold sold.

Sustaining capital expenditure for March quarter (on a 50% basis) at A\$12m (US\$8m) and was similar to the December quarter.

Granny Smith

		March	December	%
		2023	2022	Variance
	000			
Underground ore mined	tonnes 000	410	398	3%
Underground waste mined	tonnes 000	112	181	(38)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	522	579	(10)%
Grade mined - underground	g/t	5.09	6.45	(21)%
Gold mined	000'oz 000	67.1	82.7	(19)%
Tonnes milled	tonnes	407	396	3%
Yield	g/t	4.65	6.01	(23)%
Gold produced	000'oz	60.8	76.6	(21)%
Gold sold	000'oz	60.9	76.1	(20)%
AISC	A\$/oz	1,756	1,494	18%
	US\$/oz	1,200	982	22%
AIC	A\$/oz	1,960	1,734	13%
	US\$/oz	1,340	1,140	18%
Sustaining capital expenditure	A\$m	20.8	31.2	(33)%
	US\$m	14.2	20.9	(32)%
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	A\$m	11.3	15.3	(26)%
	US\$m	7.7	10.1	(24)%
Total capital expenditure	A\$m	32.1	46.5	(31)%
	US\$m	21.9	31.0	(29)%

Gold production decreased by 21% to 60,800oz in the March quarter from 76,600oz in the December quarter due to decreased grade of ore mined and processed.

Underground waste mined decreased by 38% to 112,000t in the March quarter from 181,000t in the December quarter due to decreased capital development in the Z110 and Z120 areas and the completion of the second decline.

Grade mined decreased by 21% to 5.09g/t in the March quarter from 6.45g/t in the December quarter due to lower grades mined from the Z100, Z110 and Z120 areas in line with the mining plan.

As a result of the decrease in the grade of ore mined, partially offset by a 3% increase in ore mined from 398,000t in the December quarter to 410,000t in the March quarter, gold mined decreased by 19% to 67,100oz in the March quarter from 82,700oz in the December quarter.

All-in cost increased by 13% to A\$1,960/oz (US\$1,340/oz) in the March quarter from A\$1,734/oz (US\$1,140/oz) in the December quarter due to lower gold sales partially offset by decreased capital expenditure.

Total capital expenditure decreased by 31% to A\$32m (US\$22m) in the March quarter from A\$47m (US\$31m) in the December quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 33% to A\$21m (US\$14m) in the March quarter from A\$31m (US\$21m) in the December quarter following lower capital development in the Z110 and Z120 areas.

Non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 26% to A\$11m (US\$8m) in the March quarter from A\$15m (US\$10m) in the December quarter following the completion of the second decline in 2022 and reduced development in the Z135 area.

St Ives

		March 2023	December 2022	% Variance
Underground			-	
-	000			
Ore mined	tonnes 000	449	497	(10)%
Waste mined	tonnes 000	149	154	(3)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	598	651	(8)%
Grade mined	g/t	4.88	5.47	(11)%
Gold mined Surface	000 [°] oz	70.6	87.3	(19)% -%
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes 000	1,077	792	36%
Surface waste (Capital)	tonnes 000	362	-	-%
Surface waste (Operational)	tonnes 000	671	1,935	(65)%
Total waste mined	tonnes 000	1,033	1,033	-%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	2,110	2,110	-%
Grade mined	g/t	1.78	1.59	12%
Gold mined	000'oz	61.6	40.4	52%
Strip ratio Total (Underground and Surface)	waste/ore	1.1	2.4	(54)%
(1.1.6)	000			
Total ore mined	tonnes	1,526	1,288	18%
Total grade mined	g/t 000	2.69	3.08	(13)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	2,708	2,761	(2)%
Total gold mined	000'oz	132.2	127.7	4%

Tonnes milled	000 tonnes	990	917	8%
Yield - underground	g/t	4.27	5.23	(18)%
Yield - surface	g/t	1.75	1.39	26%
Yield - combined	g/t	2.91	3.45	(16)%
Gold produced	000'oz	92.7	101.9	(9)%
Gold sold	000'oz	98.0	96.9	1%
AISC	A\$/oz	1,461	1,116	31%
	US\$/oz	999	713	40%
AIC	A\$/oz	1,578	1,257	26%
	US\$/oz	1,079	807	34%
Sustaining capital expenditure	A\$m	21.1	17.2	23%
	US\$m	14.4	10.5	37%
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	A\$m	6.2	7.2	(14)%
	US\$m	4.2	4.8	(13)%
Total capital				
expenditure	A\$m	27.3	24.4	12%
	US\$m	18.6	15.3	22%

Gold production decreased by 9% to 92,700oz in the March quarter from 101,900oz in the December quarter due to lower tonnes and grades mined from underground sources, partially offset by increased ore processed.

At the underground operations, ore mined decreased by 10% to 449,000t in the March quarter from 497,000t in the December quarter due to a delay in the power upgrade at Invincible, with expected completion in May as well as delays in the ventilation upgrade due to the incident at Hamlet late in 2022. The plan is to re-commence raise boring in May with expected completion of this work in early Q4.

Grade mined from underground operations decreased by 11% to 4.88g/t in the March quarter from 5.47g/t in the December quarter associated with lower grade stopes sequenced in the upper levels of Invincible mine. As a result of the decreased ore mined at lower grades, gold mined decreased by 19% to 70,600oz in the March quarter from 87,300oz in the December quarter.

At Neptune open pit stage 7, ore mined increased by 36% to 1,077,000t in the March quarter from 792,000t in the December quarter and grade mined increased by 12% to 1.78g/t in the March quarter from 1.59g/t in the December quarter. Resultant gold mined increased by 52% to 61,600oz in the March quarter from 40,400oz in the December quarter. Operational waste mined decreased by 65% to 0.67Mt in the March quarter from 1.94Mt in the December quarter. Mining activities are scheduled to be concluded at Neptune in the June quarter.

Pre-strip activities commenced at the Swiftsure open pit, with 362,000t of capital waste moved during the March quarter (December quarter - nil). The Swiftsure open pit is a small but high-grade open pit that will come into production in the second half of 2023.

All-in cost increased by 26% to A\$1,578/oz (US\$1,079/oz) in the March quarter from A\$1,257/oz (US\$807/oz) in the December quarter due to increased cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation and higher capital expenditure, partially offset by higher gold sold. The increase in cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation is mainly due to a lower gold inventory credit to cost in the March quarter of A\$14m (US\$10m) compared with a gold inventory credit to cost of A\$38m (US\$26m) in the December quarter.

Total capital expenditure increased by 12% to A\$27m (US\$19m) in the March quarter from A\$24m (US\$15m) in the December quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure increased by 23% to A\$21m (US\$14m) in the March quarter from A\$17m (US\$11m) in the December due to the commencement of pre-stripping at the Swiftsure open pit.

Non-sustaining capital decreased by 14% to A\$6m (US\$4m) in the March quarter from A\$7m (US\$5m) in the December quarter

due to timing of infrastructure expenditure at the Invincible Deep underground mine.

Agnew

		March	December	%
		2023	2022	Variance
	000			
Underground ore mined	tonnes 000	253	313	(19)%
Underground waste mined	tonnes 000	203	193	5%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	456	506	(10)%
Grade mined - underground	g/t	5.79	6.26	(8)%
Gold mined Surface	000'oz	47.2	63.1	(25)%
50.1000	000			
Ore mined	tonnes	63	3	2000%
	000			
Surface waste (Capital)	tonnes 000	1,130	625	81%
Surface waste (Operational)	tonnes 000	454	-	-%
Total waste mined	tonnes 000	1,584	1,033	53%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	1,647	2,110	(22)%
Grade mined	g/t	2.2	0.6	267%
Gold mined	000'oz	4.4	0.1	4300%
Strip ratio	waste/ore	25.3	234.3	(89)%
Total (Underground and Surface)				
,	000			
Total ore mined	tonnes	316	316	-%
Total grade mined	g/t 000	5.1	6.2	(18)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	2,103	2,616	(20)%
Total gold mined	000'oz	51.6	63.2	(18)%
Tonnes milled	000 tonnes	318.4	319.2	-%
Yield - underground	g/t	5.2	5.9	(12)%
Yield - surface	g/t	2.1	-	-%
Yield - combined	g/t	4.7	5.9	(20)%
Gold produced	000'oz	48.0	60.6	(21)%
Gold sold	000'oz	47.8	60.2	(21)%
AISC	A\$/oz	2,032	1,622	25%
	US\$/oz	1,390	1,060	31%
AIC	A\$/oz	2,311	1,878	23%
	US\$/oz	1,580	1,228	29%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure	A\$m	17.4	17.1	2%
	US\$m	11.9	11.1	7%
Non-sustaining capital				
expenditure	A\$m	11.1	12.3	(10)%
	US\$m	7.6	8.1	(6)%
Total capital				· - · • ·
expenditure	A\$m	28.5	29.4	(3)%

US\$m	19.5	19.2	2%
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Gold production decreased by 21% to 48,000oz in the March quarter from 60,600oz in the December quarter due to decreased grade of ore mined and processed.

Underground ore mined decreased by 19% to 253,000t in the March quarter from 313,000t in the December quarter due to unfavourable ground conditions causing sequencing delays in the Kath orebody at Waroonga. Overall grade mined decreased by 8% to 5.79g/t in the March quarter from 6.26g/t in the December quarter with lower grade ore mined from New Holland, in line with the mining plan. As a result of the 19% decrease in ore mined and 8% decrease in grade, gold mined from underground operations decreased by 25% to 47,200oz in the March quarter from 63,100oz in the December quarter.

Pre-strip activities at the Barren Lands open pit concluded during the March quarter, with capital waste increasing by 81% to 1.13Mt from 0.63Mt in the December quarter. Ore tonnes mined of 63,000t at an average grade of 2.17g/t for 4,4Koz in the March quarter compared with ore tonnes mined of 3,000t at an average grade of 0.61g/t for 0.1Koz in the December quarter. The Barren Lands open pit will provide the gateway to the Barren Lands and Redeemer Underground Complex. The project also enables access to new underground exploration platforms.

All-in cost increased by 23% to A\$2,311/oz (US\$1,580oz) in the March quarter from A\$1,878/oz (US\$1,228/oz) in the December quarter primarily due to the 21% decrease in gold sold.

Total capital expenditure in the March quarter was similar to the December quarter at A\$29 million (US\$20m).

Sustaining capital expenditure at A\$17m (US\$12m) for the March quarter was similar to sustaining capital expenditure in the December quarter.

Non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 10% to A\$11m (US\$8m) in the March quarter from A\$12m (US\$8m) in the December quarter with the completion of the Agnew crushing circuit upgrade.

South Africa region South Deep

		March	December	%
	000	2023	2022	Variance
Ore mined	tonnes 000	336	400	(16)%
Waste mined	tonnes 000	68	57	19%
Total tonnes	tonnes	404	457	(12)%
Grade mined - underground reef	g/t	5.56	6.19	(10)%
Grade mined - underground total	g/t	4.62	5.42	(15)%
Gold mined	kg	1,869	2,472	(24)%
	000'oz	60.1	79.5	(24)%
Development	m	2,972	2,790	7%
Secondary support	m	2,649	2,471	7%
Backfill	m3 000	98,675	98,070	1%
Ore milled - underground reef	tonnes 000	384	424	(9)%
Ore milled - underground waste	tonnes 000	54	63	(14)%
Total underground tonnes milled	tonnes 000	438	487	(10)%
Ore milled - surface	tonnes	304	252	21%

	000			
Total tonnes milled	tonnes	742	739	-%
Yield - underground reef	g/t	7.1	5.5	29%
Surface yield	g/t	0.1	0.2	(50)%
Total yield	g/t	3.68	3.20	15%
Gold produced	kg	2,734	2,368	15%
	000'oz	87.9	76.1	16%
Gold sold	kg	2,708	2,367	14%
	000'oz	87.1	76.1	14%
AISC	R/kg	751,830	763,157	(1)%
	US\$/oz	1,317	1,341	(2)%
AIC	R/kg	751,830	804,575	(7)%
	US\$/oz	1,317	1,415	(7)%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure	Rm	329.3	375.7	(12)%
	US\$m	18.6	21.0	(11)%
Non-sustaining capital				
expenditure	Rm	-	98.1	(100)%
	US\$m	-	5.6	(100)%
Total capital				
expenditure	Rm	329.3	473.8	(30)%
	US\$m	18.6	26.6	(30)%

Gold production increased by 15% to 2,734kg (87,900oz) in the March quarter from 2,368g (76,100oz) in the December quarter, mainly due to more shifts worked in the March quarter as well as ore phasing.

Grade mined decreased by 10% to 5.56 g/t in the March quarter from 6.19 g/t in the December quarter, mainly due to a gravity fall of ground incident in the 100 2B West Cut 3 Main Access Drive compounded by an unexpected holing of the hanging wall into the footwall at the 2 West Main Ramp. The fall of ground area is expected to be rehabilitated by Q3 2023 and the 2 West Main Ramp was rehabilitated in April 2023.

Reef yield increased by 29% to 7.06g/t in the March quarter from 5.45g/t in the December quarter due to ore phasing and stockpile movements which led to Gold in Process (GIP) drawdown amounting to 605kg. The GIP drawdown was mainly due to poor ground conditions as detailed above rendering some stopes unavailable and the associated impact on long-hole stoping tonnes.

Total underground tonnes processed decreased by 10% to 438kt in the March quarter from 487kt in the December quarter due to lower tonnes broken as explained above as well as intermittent fleet reliability.

Surface tonnes processed increased by 21% to 304kt in the March quarter from 252kt in the December quarter in line with the business plan. Surface yield decreased by 50% from 0.2g/t in the December quarter to 0.1g/t in the March quarter due to the depletion of the higher-grade clean up surface material, which was processed in December 2022.

Total development increased by 7% to 2,972m in the March quarter from 2,790m in the December quarter as fewer shifts were worked in the December quarter due to the planned maintenance shutdown.

Secondary support installed increased by 7% to 2,649m in the March quarter from 2,471m in the December quarter in line with increased development and destress performance. Backfill increased by 1% to 98,675m3 in the March quarter from 98,070m3 in the December quarter.

All-in cost decreased by 7% to R751,830/kg (US\$1,317/oz) in the March quarter from R804,575/kg (US\$1,415/oz) in the December quarter, mainly due to an increase in gold sold and lower capital expenditure, partially offset by higher cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation. The higher cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation is mainly due to a gold inventory charge to cost of R250m (US\$14m) in the March quarter compared to a gold inventory credit to

cost of R44m (US\$3m) in the December quarter.

Total capital expenditure decreased by 30% to R329m (US\$19m) in the March quarter from R474m (US\$27m) in the December quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 12% to R329m (US\$19m) in the March quarter from R376m (US\$21m) in the December quarter, mainly due to lower spend on surface infrastructure and equipment.

Non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 100% to R0m (US\$0m) in the March quarter from R98m (US\$6m) in the December quarter due to the inclusion of new mine development and related infrastructure in sustaining capital from 2023.

Ghana Region Damang

		March	December	%
		2023	2022	Variance
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes	828	821	1%
	000			
Waste (Capital)	tonnes	-	1,383	(100)%
	000			
Waste (Operational)	tonnes	3,372	2,027	66%
	000			
Total waste mined	tonnes	3,372	3,410	(1)%
	000			
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	4,200	4,231	(1)%
Strip ratio	waste/ore	4.1	4.2	(2)%
Grade mined	g/t	1.09	1.15	(5)%
Gold mined	000'oz	29.0	30.5	(5)%
	000			
Tonnes milled	tonnes	1,182	1,224	(3)%
Yield	g/t	1.04	1.13	(8)%
Gold produced	000'oz	39.5	44.7	(12)%
Gold sold	000'oz	40.5	43.6	(7)%
AISC	US\$/oz	1,263	1,296	(3)%
AIC	US\$/oz	1,329	1,420	(6)%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure	US\$m	1.8	8.0	(78)%
Non-sustaining				
expenditure	US\$m	-	2.6	(100)%
Total capital				
expenditure	US\$m	1.8	10.6	(83)%

Gold production decreased by 12% to 39,500oz in the March quarter from 44,700oz in the December quarter due to lower yield. Yield decreased by 8% to 1.04g/t in the March quarter from 1.13g/t in the December quarter due to lower tonnes and grade fed in the March quarter in line with the plan.

Total tonnes mined decreased by 1% to 4.20Mt in the March quarter from 4.23Mt in the December quarter. Ore tonnes mined increased by 1% to 0.83Mt in the March quarter from 0.82Mt in the December quarter. Total tonnes and ore tonnes mined were in line with the mining schedule.

Mined grade decreased by 5% to 1.09g/t in the March quarter from 1.15g/t in the December quarter due to the completion of mining at Damang Pit Cut Back (DPCB) in the December 2022 quarter and transitioning through the smaller ore polygons

with lower grades in the Huni pit. Operational waste tonnes mined at Huni pit increased by 66% to 3.4Mt in the March quarter from 2.0Mt in the December quarter due to improved mining fleet capacity. No capital waste tonnes were mined at Huni pit due to the completion of capital waste mining in the December quarter.

All-in cost decreased by 6% to US\$1,329/oz in the March quarter from US\$1,420/oz in the December quarter, mainly due to lower capital expenditure, partially offset by lower gold sold.

Total capital expenditure decreased by 83% to US\$2m in the March quarter from US\$11m in the December quarter. Sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 78% to US\$2m in the March quarter from US\$8m in the December quarter due to no capital waste stripping in the March quarter. Non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased to nil in the March quarter from US\$3m in the December quarter due to reclassifying the TSF raise from growth to sustaining capital going forward.

Tarkwa

	200	March 2023	December 2022	% Variance
Ore mined	000 tonnes 000	4,879	3,812	28%
Waste (Capital)	tonnes 000	8,678	10,179	(15)%
Waste (Operational)	tonnes 000	7,859	7,521	4%
Total waste mined	tonnes 000	16,537	17,700	(7)%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	21,416	21,512	-%
Strip ratio	waste/ore	3.4	4.6	(26)%
Grade mined	g/t	1.18	1.26	(6)%
Gold mined	000'oz	184.5	154.9	19%
	000			
Tonnes milled	tonnes	3,435	3,615	(5)%
Yield	g/t	1.26	1.20	5%
Gold produced	000'oz	138.8	139.6	(1)%
Gold sold	000'oz	141.4	137.1	3%
AISC	US\$/oz	1,131	1,260	(10)%
AIC	US\$/oz	1,131	1,260	(10)%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure	US\$m	55.8	55.3	1%
Non-sustaining				
expenditure	US\$m	-	-	-%
Total capital				
expenditure	US\$m	55.8	55.3	1%

Gold production decreased by 1% to 138,800oz in the March quarter from 139,600oz in the December quarter due to lower tonnes milled. Yield increased by 5% to 1.26g/t in the March quarter from 1.20g/t in the December quarter due to higher feed grade. In the March quarter, 0.30Mt stockpiles at 1.16g/t were processed compared with 0.13Mt stockpiles at 1.12g/t in the December quarter, while ex-pit ore processed for the March quarter was 3.1Mt at 1.32g/t compared with 3.5Mt at 1.26g/t in the December quarter.

Total tonnes mined, including capital waste stripping, decreased marginally to 21.4Mt in the March quarter from 21.5Mt in the December quarter. Ore mined increased by 28% to 4.9Mt in the March quarter from 3.8Mt in the December quarter in line with the mining plan with more exposed ore available during the March quarter. Operational waste increased by 4% to 7.9Mt in the March quarter from 7.5Mt in the December quarter, while capital waste decreased by 15% to 8.7Mt in the

March quarter from 10.2Mt in the December quarter in line with the mining plan. Strip ratio decreased by 26% to 3.4 in the March quarter from 4.6 in the December quarter due to higher ore tonnes mined. Gold mined increased by 19% to 184.5koz in the March quarter from 154.9koz in the December quarter due to higher ore tonnes mined.

All-in cost decreased by 10% to US\$1,131/oz in the March quarter from US\$1,260/oz in the December quarter due to lower cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation and higher ounces sold.

Capital expenditure increased by 1% to US\$56m in the March quarter from US\$55m in the December quarter due to the timing of expenditure.

Asanko (Equity-accounted Joint Venture)

		March	December	%
		2023	2022	Variance
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes	-	-	-%
	000			
Waste (Capital)	tonnes	-		-%
	000			
Waste (Operational)	tonnes	-		-%
	000			
Total waste mined	tonnes	-		-%
	000			
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	-	-	-%
Strip ratio	waste/ore	-	-	-%
Grade mined	g/t	-	-	-%
Gold mined	000'oz	-	-	-%
	000			
Tonnes milled	tonnes	1,566	1,518	3%
Yield	g/t	0.65	0.70	(7)%
Gold produced	000'oz	32.7	34.1	(4)%
Gold sold	000'oz	35.2	34.2	3%
AISC	US\$/oz	1,268	1,217	4%
AIC	US\$/oz	1,394	1,227	14%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure	US\$m	4.9	4.7	4%
Non-sustaining				
expenditure	US\$m	2.7	0.9	200%
Total capital				
expenditure	US\$m	7.6	5.6	36%

All figures in table on a 100% basis.

Gold production decreased by 4% to 32,700oz (100% basis) in the March quarter from 34,100oz (100% basis) in the December quarter, mainly due to lower recovery. Recovery decreased by 8% to 73.4% in the March quarter from 79.7% in the December quarter as a result of remaining lower grade stockpiles processed, partially offset by higher plant throughput.

There were no tonnes mined in both the March and December quarters due to the temporary cessation of mining activities in July 2022.

All-in cost increased by 14% to US\$1,394/oz in the March quarter from US\$1,227/oz in the December quarter, mainly due to higher cost of sales and higher capital expenditure, partially offset by higher gold sold.

Total capital expenditure increased by 36% to US\$8m in the March quarter from US\$6m in the December quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure in the March quarter was similar at US\$5m with activities, mainly related to the TSF stage 7 construction. Non-sustaining capital expenditure increased by 200% to US\$3m in the March quarter from US\$1m in the December quarter due to the timing of exploration capital.

South America region Chile Salares Norte

		March 2023	December 2022	% Variance
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes 000	420	422	-%
Waste mined	tonnes 000	8,479	7,411	14%
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	8,899	7,834	14%
Grade mined - gold	g/t	7.18	5.83	23%
Grade mined - silver	g/t	2.99	2.54	18%
Gold mined	000'oz	97.1	79.2	23%
Silver mined	000'oz	40.5	34.4	18%

The Salares Norte project continued to make positive progress during the March quarter. Total construction progress at the end of March was 90.3% compared to 85.7% at the end of Q4 2022. Construction progress of 4.9% for the quarter ended March 2023 compared with 5.8% for the three months ended 31st December 2022. The project is fully staffed with the camp at full capacity. In line with the 90% completion, focus is now on completing the project as well as dealing with punch list items to ensure successful commissioning.

Total Project progress was 90.4% as at the end of March 2023 compared to 86.7% at the end of December 2022.

Total spend for the March quarter was US\$115m, comprising of US\$92m in capital expenditure, US\$10m in exploration expenditure and a US\$13m investment in working capital.

Total tonnes mined for the March quarter increased by 14% to 8.9Mt including 420kt of ore containing 97koz of gold from 7.8Mt for the December quarter including 422kt of ore containing 79koz of gold.

Exploration drilling was 7,156m drilled for the March quarter compared with 6,664m drilled in the December quarter.

Peru Cerro Corona

		March	December	%
		2023	2022	Variance
	000			
Ore mined	tonnes	3,394	4,212	(19)%
	000			
Waste mined	tonnes	1,313	3,291	(60)%
	000			
Total tonnes mined	tonnes	4,707	7,504	(37)%
Grade mined - gold	g/t	0.72	0.66	9%
Grade mined - copper	per cent	0.40	0.38	5%
Gold mined	000'oz	78.1	89.3	(13)%
	000			

Copper mined	tonnes 000	13,674	16,090	(15)%
Tonnes milled	tonnes	1,687	1,678	1%
Gold recovery	per cent	75.9	75.2	1%
Copper recovery	per cent	90.9	90.7	-%
Yield - Gold	g/t	0.76	0.72	6%
- Copper	per cent	0.47	0.45	4%
- Combined	eq g/t	1.39	1.31	6%
Gold produced	000'oz	39.4	37.1	6%
Copper produced	tonnes 000'	7,547	7,264	4%
Total equivalent				
gold produced	eq oz 000'	75.1	70.7	6%
Total equivalent				
gold sold	eq oz	76.8	70.2	9%
AISC	US\$/oz US\$/	(230)	136	(269)%
AISC	eq oz	777	897	(13)%
AIC	US\$/oz US\$/	(86)	325	(126)%
AIC	eq oz	853	998	(15)%
Sustaining capital				
expenditure Non-sustaining	US\$m	3.4	9.4	(64)%
expenditure Total capital	US\$m	5.1	6.5	(22)%
expenditure	US\$m	8.5	15.8	(46)%

Gold equivalent production increased by 6% to 75,100oz in the March quarter from 70,700oz in the December quarter, mainly due to higher gold and copper grades and yield.

Total tonnes mined decreased by 37% to 4.7Mt in the March quarter from 7.5Mt in the December quarter, mainly due to the unusual high seasonal rain together with the effects of the Yaku cyclone. Ore mined decreased by 19% to 3.4Mt in the March quarter from 4.2Mt in the December quarter, and waste mined decreased by 60% to 1.3Mt in the March quarter from 3.3Mt in the December quarter.

Gold and copper grades mined increased by 9% and 5% respectively, in line with the mining plan for the March quarter. Consequently, gold yield increased by 6% to 0.76g/t in the March quarter from 0.72g/t in the December quarter and copper yield increased by 4% to 0.47% in the March quarter from 0.45% in the December quarter.

As a result of the higher total equivalent production, total equivalent gold sold increased by 9% to 76,800oz in the March quarter from 70,200oz in the December quarter.

All-in cost per gold ounce sold decreased by 126% to a negative US\$86/oz in the March quarter from US\$325/oz in the December quarter, mainly due to higher copper by-product credits, higher gold sold and lower capital expenditure, partially offset by higher cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation.

All-in cost per equivalent ounce decreased by 15% to US\$853per equivalent ounce in the March quarter from US\$998 per equivalent ounce in the December quarter, mainly due to higher equivalent ounces sold and lower capital expenditure, partially offset by higher cost of sales before amortisation and depreciation.

Total capital expenditure decreased by 46% to US\$9m in the March quarter from US\$16m in the December quarter.

Sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 64% to US\$3m in the March quarter from US\$9m in the December quarter due to reduced activities at the TSF during the rainy season. Non-sustaining capital expenditure decreased by 22% to US\$5m in the March quarter from US\$7m in the December quarter due to timing of the infrastructure relocation activities.

	Underground and surface	op i a	otal Mine perations and projects including equity- accounted Venture	Australia Region				South Africa Region			Ghana Regio
Salares Morte Gero metric tomes and grade Project Corona tomes mile (000 tomes)* South Total South Total Damage - Total South Total South Total Damage - Dec 2022 1,463 Colspan="4">South Add Souther Colspan="4">Souther <td>Peru Chile</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Aus</td> <td>tralia</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Peru Chile				Aus	tralia					
$\begin{array}{ $	Salares Imperial ounces with Norte Cerro metric tonnes and grade Project Corona				•	-	St Ives	Agnew		Total	Damang
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(000 tonnes)*	Mar 2023	1,449	1,113	-	410	449	253	336	-	-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Dec 2022	1,608	1,209	-	398	497	313	400	-	-
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Mar 2022	1,436	1,072	-	405	417	250	364	-	-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 - underground waste	Mar 2023	531	463	-	112	149	203	68	-	-
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Dec 2022	584	528	-	181	154	193	57	-	-
420 3,394 Dec 2022 11,296 2,028 1,234 - 792 3 - 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 9,253 1,319 1,319 - - - 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Mar 2023 13,720 3,794 1,078 522 1,675 519 404 5,707 828 420 3,394 Dec 2022 13,489 3,764 1,234 579 1,443 509 457 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - - Underground ore Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - - Dec 2022		Mar 2022	641	578	-	172	199	208	63	-	-
422 4,212 A,212 Mar 2022 9,253 1,319 1,319 - - 792 3 - 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 9,253 1,319 1,319 - - - 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Mar 2023 13,720 3,794 1,078 522 1,675 519 404 5,707 828 420 3,394 Dec 2022 13,489 3,764 1,234 579 1,443 509 457 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 13,489 3,764 1,234 579 1,443 509 457 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 Grade mined (grams per tonne) Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - Dec 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2 - <td< td=""><td></td><td>Mar 2023</td><td>11,739</td><td>2,218</td><td>1,078</td><td>-</td><td>1,077</td><td>63</td><td>-</td><td>5,707</td><td>828</td></td<>		Mar 2023	11,739	2,218	1,078	-	1,077	63	-	5,707	828
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	Dec 2022	11,296	2,028	1,234	-	792	3	-	4,634	821
- total 420 Mar 2023 13,720 3,794 1,078 522 1,675 519 404 5,707 828 420 3,394 Dec 2022 13,489 3,764 1,234 579 1,443 509 457 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Grade mined (grams per tonne) Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - Mar 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2 - -	-	Mar 2022	9,253	1,319	1,319	-	-	-	-	5,642	1,875
422 4,212 Dec 2022 13,489 3,764 1,234 579 1,443 509 457 4,634 821 422 4,212 Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 - 2,293 Grade mined (grams per tonne) Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - - - - - Dec 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2 - -	- total	Mar 2023	13,720	3,794	1,078	522	1,675	519	404	5,707	828
Mar 2022 11,331 2,969 1,319 577 616 458 427 5,642 1,875 Grade mined (grams per tonne) - 2,293 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - Dec 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2 - -		Dec 2022	13,489	3,764	1,234	579	1,443	509	457	4,634	821
(grams per tonne) - underground ore Mar 2023 5.3 5.2 - 5.1 4.9 5.8 5.6 - - - - - - 5.6 - - - Dec 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2 - -	- 2,293	Mar 2022	11,331	2,969	1,319	577	616	458	427	5,642	1,875
Dec 2022 6.0 6.0 - 6.5 5.5 6.3 6.2	(grams per tonne)	Mar 2023	5.3	5.2	-	5.1	4.9	5.8	5.6	-	-
		Dec 2022	6.0	6.0	-	6.5	5.5	6.3	6.2	-	-

South
America
Region

egion

Asan	ko
------	----

Tarkwa	45%*	Total
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
4,879	-	3,815
3,812	-	4,634
3,283	484	2,293
4,879	-	3,815
3,812	-	4,634
3,283	484	2,293

- - -

_	_	Mar	2022	6.1	6.0	-	5.4	5.4	8.1	6.3	-	-	-	-
- surface ore 7.2	0.7	Mar	2023	1.3	1.5	1.1	-	1.8	2.2	-	1.2	1.1	1.2	-
5.8	0.7	Dec	2022	1.2	1.3	1.2	-	1.6	0.6	-	1.2	1.2	1.3	-
	0.7	Mar	2022	1.1	1.1	1.1	-	-	-	-	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.5
- - total		Mar	2023	1.7	2.7	1.1	5.1	2.7	5.1	4.6	1.2	1.1	1.2	-
7.2	0.7	Dec	2022	1.8	3.1	1.2	6.5	3.1	6.2	5.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	-
5.8	0.7 0.7	Mar	2022	1.8	3.3	1.1	5.4	5.4	8.1	6.3	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.5
- Gold mined (000 ounces)*														
- underground		Mar	2023	245.0	184.9	-	67.1	70.6	47.2	60.1	-	-	-	-
-	-	Dec	2022	312.5	233.0	-	82.7	87.3	63.1	79.5	-	-	-	-
-	-	Mar	2022	282.0	208.0	-	70.2	72.8	65.0	74.0	-	-	-	-
- - surface ore 97.1	- 78.1	Mar	2023	494.1	105.4	39.5	-	61.6	4.4	-	213.5	29.0	184.5	-
	89.3	Dec	2022	441.2	87.3	46.9	-	40.4	0.1	-	185.4	30.5	154.9	-
	48.8	Mar	2022	332.8	45.6	45.6	-	-	-	-	238.4	92.3	122.9	23.2
- total	48.8 78.1	Mar	2023	739.1	290.3	39.5	67.1	132.2	51.6	60.1	213.5	29.0	184.5	-
		Dec	2022	753.7	320.3	46.9	82.7	127.7	63.2	79.5	185.4	30.5	154.9	-
	89.3 48.8	Mar	2022	614.8	253.6	45.6	70.2	72.8	65.0	74.0	238.4	92.3	122.9	23.2
- Ore milled/tr (000 tonnes)														
- underground	ore	Mar	2023	1,511	1,127	-	407	456	264	384	-	-	-	-
-	-	Dec	2022	1,632	1,209	-	396	493	319	424	-	-	-	-
-	-	Mar	2022	1,480	1,135	-	389	454	292	345	-	-	-	-
- underground	waste	Mar	2023	54	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	-
-	-	Dec	2022	63	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	-	-	-
-	_	Mar	2022	57	-	-	-	-	-	57	-	-	-	-
- - surface ore		Mar	2023	9,135	1,822	1,234	-	534	55	304	5,322	1,182	3,435	705
	,678	Dec	2022	8,943	1,490	1,066	-	424	-	252	5,522	1,224	3,615	683
	,078 ,729	Mar	2022	8,984	1,637	1,071	-	566	-	332	5,286	1,171	3,447	667
- 1	5723													

-	-	-
1.2	-	1.4
1.3	-	1.1
1.2	1.5	0.7
1.2	-	-
1.3	-	-
1.2	1.5	0.7
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
184.5	-	175.1
154.9	-	168.5
122.9	23.2	48.8
184.5	-	175.1
154.9	-	168.5
122.9	23.2	48.8
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
3,435	705	1,687
3,615	683	1,678
3,447	667	1,729

- total	1 (07	Mar 2023	10,699	2,949	1,234	407	990	318	742	5,322	1,182
-	1,687	Dec 2022	10,638	2,698	1,066	396	917	319	739	5,522	1,224
-	1,678	Mar 2022				389	1,021	292	734		
-	1,729	Mai: 2022	10,520	2,772	1,071	203	1,021	292	734	5,286	1,171
Yield (Grams per	tonne)										
- undergrou	,	Mar 2023	5.2	4.6	-	4.6	4.3	5.2	7.1	-	-
-	-	Dec 2022	5.6	5.7	-	6.0	5.2	5.9	5.5	-	-
-	-	Mar 2022	5.9	5.6	-	5.3	5.1	6.7	6.9	-	-
- - surface (-	Mar 2023	1.2	1.3	1.0	-	1.8	2.1	0.1	1.1	1.0
	1.4					_		2.1		1.1	
-	1.3	Dec 2022	1.1	1.2	1.1	-	1.4	-	0.2	1.1	1.1
		Mar 2022	1.1	1.1	1.0	-	1.1	-	0.1	1.2	1.6
- - combined	1.0	Mar 2023	1.7	2.6	1.0	4.6	2.9	4.7	3.7	1.1	1.0
-	1.4										
-	1.3	Dec 2022	1.8	3.2	1.1	6.0	3.5	5.9	3.2	1.1	1.1
		Mar 2022	1.8	2.9	1.0	5.3	2.9	6.7	3.3	1.2	1.6
- Gold produc											
(000 ounce: - undergrou	•	Mar 2023	254.8	167.7	-	60.8	62.6	44.3	87.1	-	-
-	-										
-	-	Dec 2022	294.4	220.2	-	76.6	82.9	60.6	74.3	-	-
		Mar 2022	279.6	202.8	-	65.9	73.9	63.0	76.8	-	-
- surface (Mar 2023	344.0	75.1	41.3	-	30.1	3.7	0.8	193.0	39.5
-	75.1	Dec 2022	328.2	56.0	37.1	-	18.9	_	1.9	199.6	44.7
-	70.7										
-	56.1	Mar 2022	322.4	55.6	35.6	-	20.0	-	1.2	209.5	62.0
- total		Mar 2023	598.8	242.8	41.3	60.8	92.7	48.0	87.9	193.0	39.5
-	75.1	Dec 2022	622.7	276.2	37.1	76.6	101.9	60.6	76.1	199.6	44.7
-	70.7										
-	56.1	Mar 2022	602.0	258.4	35.6	65.9	93.9	63.0	78.0	209.5	62.0

- 56.1 Cost of sales before gold

inventory change and

amortisation and

depreciation (dollar

3,435	705	1,687
3,615	683	1,678
3,447	667	1,729
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
1.3	0.6	1.4
1.2	0.7	1.3
1.2	0.9	1.0
1.3	0.6	1.4
1.2	0.7	1.3
1.2	0.9	1.0
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
138.8	14.7	75.1
139.6	15.3	70.7
128.5	19.1	56.1
138.8	14.7	75.1
139.6	15.3	70.7
128.5	19.1	56.1

per tonne)- u	nderground	Mar 2023	142	137	-	131	126	164	157	-	-
-	-	Dec 2022	125	120	-	118	109	142	137	-	-
-	-	Mar 2022	142	131	-	136	107	162	172	-	-
- surface	- 31	Mar 2023	33	32	22	-	48	91	34	34	43
-	36	Dec 2022	34	36	28	-	56	-	42	31	35
-	27	Mar 2022	30	26	25	-	28	-	35	32	47
- total -	31	Mar 2023	49	72	22	131	84	152	106	34	43
	36	Dec 2022	48	74	28	118	84	142	104	31	35
-	27	Mar 2022	46	69	25	136	63	162	110	32	47
-	21										

* Excludes surface material at South Deep.

Forward-looking statements

This announcement contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "safe harbour" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this announcement may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of words such as "aim", "anticipate", "will", "would", "expect", "may", "could", "believe", "target", "estimate", "project" and words of similar meaning.

These forward-looking statements, including among others, those relating to Gold Fields' future business prospects, financial positions, production and operational guidance, climate and ESG-related statements, targets and metrics, are necessary estimates reflecting the best judgement of the senior management of Gold Fields and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to future events and circumstances and should be considered in light of various important factors, including those set forth in Gold Fields' Integrated Annual Report 2022 filed with the Johannesburg Stock Exchange and annual report on Form 20-F filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on 30 March 2023. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. Gold Fields undertakes no obligation to update publicly or release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this announcement or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. These forward-looking statements have not been reviewed or reported on by the Company's external auditors.

Administration and corporate information

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-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
33	21	32
33	19	36
25	39	27
33	21	32
33	19	36
25	39	27

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Calls are charged at the standard geographic rate and will vary by provider. Calls outside the United Kingdom will be charged at the applicable international rate. Lines are open between 09:00 - 17:30, Monday to Friday excluding public holidays in England and Wales. email: shareholderenquiries@linkgroup.co.uk

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- ^ Australian * British @Chilean # Ghanaian
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