

**AngloGold Ashanti delivers record free cash flow\* of \$1.2bn and EBITDA\*(4) of \$2.3bn • Gold production<sup>(1)(2)</sup> +1% • Net cash\*(4) of \$868m • Q1 2026 interim dividend of \$585m, or 116 cps • Proposed \$2.0bn share repurchase programme announced**

**London, Denver, Johannesburg, 8 May 2026** – AngloGold Ashanti plc (“AngloGold Ashanti”, “AGA”, the “Company” or the “Group”) posted record free cash flow\* of \$1.2bn in Q1 2026, almost triple the Q1 2025 amount, following steady performances from most of its operating assets and the continued high gold price. The Company remains on track to meet its 2026 annual guidance.

An interim dividend for Q1 2026 was declared of \$585m, or 116 US cents per share, a new record, compared to 12.5 US cents per share declared in Q1 2025. On 7 May 2026, the Board of Directors approved a proposed share repurchase programme for AngloGold Ashanti’s ordinary shares of up to \$2.0bn, subject to shareholder approval.

*“Our focus remains to control what we can control - managing underlying costs and ensuring safe, predictable operating results,”* said CEO Alberto Calderon. *“That has again enabled us to deliver record free cash flow\* and cash returns to our shareholders, while moving our organic growth projects forward.”*

AngloGold Ashanti continues to focus on a series of key strategic initiatives: delivery of predictable operating results; providing competitive returns to shareholders; bringing a large, new production centre into operation in southern Nevada; the steady ramp-up of its Obuasi mine in Ghana; and realising a series of organic growth projects at its mines in Tanzania, Guinea, Egypt and Brazil.

**Safety performance and workplace fatality**

At Obuasi, following the end of Q1 2026 on 24 April 2026, a contractor was fatally injured following a release of waste material from an underground ore pass. A comprehensive investigation into the incident is underway, with the express aim of ensuring that similar incidents do not occur in the future. The family and colleagues affected by this tragedy are receiving ongoing support.

*“We are heartbroken by the loss of our colleague and offer our deepest sympathy to his family and loved ones,”* said CEO Alberto Calderon. *“Safety has always been our first and highest priority and we will ensure we understand the root cause of this incident and apply every lesson learned.”*

During Q1 2026, safety remained at the core of continuous improvement efforts. The Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (“TRIFR”) at the Company’s managed operations<sup>(1)</sup> improved to 0.86 injuries per million hours worked in Q1 2026, compared to 0.97 injuries per million hours worked for 2025. While these injury rates remained well below industry averages, the incident at Obuasi underscored the importance of continued vigilance in the face of workplace hazards.

**Cash flow supports leading capital allocation**

Free cash flow\*, the strongest for a single quarter, represented a 190% increase year-on-year to \$1.2bn in Q1 2026 from \$403m in Q1 2025. Net cash flow from operating activities was up 136% year-on-year to \$1.7bn in Q1 2026 (from \$725m in Q1 2025). The average gold price received per ounce\*<sup>(1)</sup> in Q1 2026 was 69% higher year-on-year compared to Q1 2025.

EBITDA\*<sup>(4)</sup> increased 130% year-on-year to \$2.3bn in Q1 2026 (from \$1.0bn in Q1 2025), while headline earnings<sup>(3)</sup> rose 187% to \$1.3bn in Q1 2026, or 252 US cents per share (from \$447m, or 88 US cents per share, in Q1 2025).

In line with the Company’s dividend policy, the base dividend of \$63m or 12.5 US cents per share was declared for Q1 2026. This was topped up to 50% of free cash flow\*, to arrive at the interim dividend declaration of \$585m, or 116 US cents per share.

The balance sheet continued to strengthen, swinging from \$755m of net debt\*<sup>(4)</sup> in Q1 2025 to \$868m of net cash\*<sup>(4)</sup> at the end of Q1 2026, all while making a series of record dividend payments in the intervening quarters.

Capitalising on the robust balance sheet and strong liquidity position, on 16 April 2026, the Company bought back approximately \$666m principal amount of its outstanding bonds, further optimising its capital structure and improving its overall flexibility through the cycle.

The strategic decision by the Board to approve a proposed \$2bn share repurchase programme is underpinned by stronger cash generation capabilities and the prospective financial outlook for the business. The proposed share repurchase programme is intended to offer another vector for shareholder returns, and align the Company’s capital return framework with its North American peers. The proposed share repurchase programme reflects AngloGold Ashanti’s disciplined approach to capital allocation, utilising excess liquidity to reduce ordinary shares in issue thereby increasing per-share value, earnings and cash flow for its shareholders.

**Underlying operational costs down \$22/oz, offsetting macro headwinds**

External pressures from inflation, exchange rates and royalties led to a year-on-year increase in total cash costs per ounce\* for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> to \$1,391/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,223/oz in Q1 2025.

The Company’s continued focus on its Full Asset Potential programme and rigorous cost discipline held total cash costs per ounce\* for managed operations<sup>(1)</sup> at \$1,377/oz in Q1 2026. These external pressures included a \$117/oz rise in royalties due to

## Group Performance *continued*

record realised gold prices, alongside \$43/oz in inflationary impacts, specifically related to higher labour and mining contractor costs, and a \$30/oz impact from foreign exchange movements.

Crucially, structural efficiencies delivered through the Full Asset Potential programme reduced underlying, controllable costs by \$22/oz in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025. Targeted optimisation of plant throughput (-\$103/oz), improved open pit volume efficiencies (-\$15/oz), and by-product credits (-\$64/oz) successfully absorbed residual operating pressures.

This disciplined cost management ensured the higher gold price was translated into expanded margins, with the total cash cost margin\* for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> increasing from 57% in Q1 2025 to 71% in Q1 2026.

### Momentum continued at managed operations<sup>(1)</sup>

Gold production for the Group<sup>(1)(2)</sup> remained stable, increasing to 724,000oz in Q1 2026, up from 720,000oz (or 710,000oz excluding Serra Grande) in Q1 2025. The result was driven by a solid performance from most managed operations<sup>(1)(2)</sup>, partially offset by lower gold production at Kibali. At managed operations<sup>(1)(2)</sup>, gold production rose 1% year-on-year to 666,000oz in Q1 2026, while total cash costs per ounce\* and all-in sustaining costs per ounce\* ("AISC") increased by 14% and 19% year-on-year in Q1 2026 to \$1,377/oz and \$1,980/oz, respectively, compared to Q1 2025. Meanwhile non-managed joint ventures experienced an 8% year-on-year reduction in gold production to 58,000oz in Q1 2026.

Year-on-year gold production improvements totalling 9koz (or 19koz excluding Serra Grande) were achieved for managed operations<sup>(1)(2)</sup> in Q1 2026, with higher gold production at Geita (+12koz), Cuiabá (+9koz), Obuasi (+8koz), Iduapriem (+4koz), Cerro Vanguardia (+3koz) and Tropicana (+2koz). These increases were partly offset by lower gold production contributions year-on-year in Q1 2026 from Sunrise Dam (-10koz), Siguirí (-5koz) and Sukari (-4koz), reflecting variations in mine sequencing and planned throughput compared to Q1 2025, alongside lower output from the remainder of the portfolio. The Serra Grande operation in Brazil was sold on 1 December 2025.

Total cash costs per ounce\* for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> increased by 14% year-on-year to \$1,391/oz in Q1 2026 from \$1,223/oz in Q1 2025, primarily reflecting higher royalty payments driven by the record gold price and the impact from underlying inflation, mainly due to increases in labour and mining contractor costs in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates. AISC per ounce\* for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> rose by 19% year-on-year to \$1,955/oz in Q1 2026 from \$1,640/oz in Q1 2025, driven mainly by the mechanical increase in gold price-linked royalties and a planned 29% increase in sustaining capital expenditure\*.

The increase in sustaining capital expenditure\* reflects deliberate and ongoing investment to advance the Full Asset Potential programme, support asset integrity, and ensure long-term operational resilience, in line with the Company's strategic priorities.

Total capital expenditure for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> was \$467m in Q1 2026, up 39% year-on-year from \$336m in Q1 2025. This included \$305m in sustaining capital expenditure\* and \$162m in non-sustaining capital expenditure\*, the latter directed toward targeted development initiatives across the portfolio, particularly the advancement of the Nevada growth projects.

### Supply chain update

In response to the ongoing crisis in the Middle East, the Company has activated its global supply chain resilience protocols to ensure operational continuity. Proactive mitigation measures include, among other things, increasing fuel stocks and inventory buffers of critical spares and consumables at key African and Australian operations.

### Arthur Gold Project technical report published<sup>(5)(6)(7)</sup>

During Q1 2026, the Company published the Technical Report Summary on the Pre-Feasibility Study for the Arthur Gold Project in Nevada<sup>(5)</sup>. The study declared an initial Probable Mineral Reserve of 4.9Moz of gold (88Mt at 1.75g/t), establishing the project as a cornerstone of the Company's US growth platform<sup>(5)(6)</sup>.

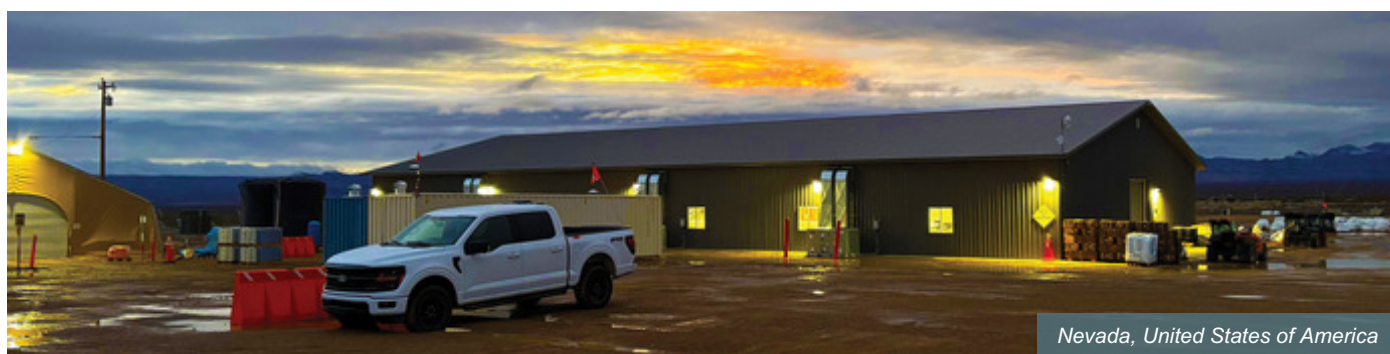
*"The exceptional economics detailed in the pre-feasibility study firmly establish the Arthur Gold Project as the cornerstone of our US growth platform,"* said CEO Alberto Calderon. *"Generating an after-tax NPV of up to \$3.46bn at a gold price of \$3,500/oz with an IRR up to 26%, this project pairs immediate scale with outstanding financial returns. With a world-class oxide orebody, minimal technical risk, and a disciplined capital approach, we have a clear roadmap to driving immense long-term shareholder value in a premier mining jurisdiction."*

The project demonstrates highly competitive economics and exceptional leverage to the gold price. At a \$2,715/oz gold price, the project generates an estimated after-tax NPV (at a 5% discount rate) of \$1.73bn to \$1.78bn with an IRR of 15% to 19%. At a \$3,500/oz gold price, the estimated after-tax NPV roughly doubles to \$3.41bn to \$3.46bn, driving the IRR up to 22% to 26%.

The operation is modelled to deliver an average annual production of approximately 500,000oz over an initial 9-year life of mine at a competitive life-of-mine AISC\* of \$925/oz-\$975/oz<sup>(5)(6)(7)</sup>. Because the Merlin reserve is predominantly oxide material (greater than 95%) amenable to conventional processing, the project is expected to avoid the complexity and technical risk of refractory processing. Feasibility-level environmental, hydrological and community baseline studies are already underway.

### Outlook<sup>(7)(8)</sup>

Full year 2026 guidance for gold production, costs and capital expenditure, which was issued in February 2026, remains unchanged.



Nevada, United States of America

## Group Performance *continued*

(1) The term “managed operations” refers to subsidiaries managed by AngloGold Ashanti and included in its consolidated reporting, while the term “non-managed joint ventures” (i.e., Kibali) refers to equity-accounted joint ventures that are reported based on AngloGold Ashanti’s share of attributable earnings and are not managed by AngloGold Ashanti.

Managed operations are reported on a consolidated basis. Non-managed joint ventures are reported on an attributable basis.

(2) Includes gold concentrate from the Cuiabá mine sold to third parties.

(3) The financial measures “headline earnings (loss)” and “headline earnings (loss) per share” are not calculated in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards, but in accordance with the Headline Earnings Circular 1/2023, issued by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA), at the request of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange Limited (JSE). These measures are required to be disclosed by the JSE Listings Requirements and therefore do not constitute Non-GAAP financial measures for purposes of the rules and regulations of the US Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) applicable to the use and disclosure of Non-GAAP financial measures.

(4) To enhance comparability with industry peers, AngloGold Ashanti will present net debt (cash)\* and EBITDA\* as well as its net debt (cash)\* to EBITDA\* ratio (leverage ratio), which are Non-GAAP financial measures, and will not further adjust these metrics in its reporting. Comparative periods will also reflect this change.

(5) The Technical Report Summary on the Pre-Feasibility Study for the Arthur Gold Project is filed as an exhibit to the Company’s annual report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 as filed with the SEC on 26 March 2026.

(6) The Arthur Gold Project Mineral Reserve estimate is presented as at 31 December 2025, unless otherwise stated, and economic estimates presented are calculated based on the Mineral Reserve declared in the Technical Report Summary on the Pre-Feasibility Study for the Arthur Gold Project only, exclusive of Mineral Resource. For further information, see the Company’s news release “AngloGold Ashanti Builds on Award-Winning Discovery, Advancing Arthur Gold Project in Nevada with first-time 4.9Moz Mineral Reserve and Robust PFS Economics,” dated 26 March 2026.

(7) The Company is not providing quantitative reconciliations to the most directly comparable IFRS measures for its Non-GAAP forward-looking information or financial guidance shown above in reliance on the exception provided by Rule 100(a)(2) of Regulation G because the reconciliations cannot be performed without unreasonable efforts as such IFRS measures cannot be reliably estimated due to their dependence on future uncertainties and adjusting items, including, among other factors, changes in economic, social, political and market conditions, including related to inflation or international conflicts, the success of business and operating initiatives, changes in the regulatory environment and other government actions, including environmental approvals, fluctuations in gold prices and exchange rates, the outcome of pending or future litigation proceedings, any supply chain disruptions, any public health crises, pandemics or epidemics, and other business and operational risks and challenges and other factors, including mining accidents, that the Company cannot reasonably predict at this time but which may be material.

(8) Outlook economic assumptions for 2026 guidance are as follows: \$0.68/A\$, BRL5.47/\$, AP1,606/\$, ZAR16.90/\$, Brent \$61/bbl and gold price range of approximately \$4,250/oz. Cost and capital forecast ranges for 2026 are expressed in “nominal” terms. “Nominal” cash flows are current price term cash flows that have been inflated into future value, using an appropriate “inflation” rate. Estimates assume neither operational or labour interruptions or power disruptions, nor further changes to asset portfolio and/or operating mines and have not been reviewed by AngloGold Ashanti’s external auditors. Other unknown or unpredictable factors, or factors outside the Company’s control, including inflationary pressures on its cost base, could also have material adverse effects on AngloGold Ashanti’s future results and no assurance can be given that any expectations expressed by AngloGold Ashanti will prove to have been correct. Measures taken at AngloGold Ashanti’s operations together with AngloGold Ashanti’s business continuity plans aim to enable its operations to deliver in line with its production targets. Actual results could differ from guidance and any deviations may be significant. Please refer to the Risk Factors section in AngloGold Ashanti’s annual report on Form 20-F for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 filed with the SEC.

\* Refer to “Non-GAAP disclosure” for definitions and reconciliations.



Sukari, Egypt

## Group Performance *continued*

<b>Financial results</b>	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025	% Variance
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>			
Average gold price received <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	4,863	2,874	69 %
EBITDA <sup>(4)</sup> (\$m)	2,291	996	130 %
Headline earnings <sup>(3)</sup> (\$m)	1,285	447	187 %
Capital expenditure - Group <sup>(1)</sup> (\$m)	467	336	39 %
Net cash flow from operating activities (\$m)	1,709	725	136 %
Free cash flow* (\$m)	1,169	403	190 %
Net debt (cash) <sup>(4)</sup> (\$m)	(868)	755	(215)%

### Financial highlights

- EBITDA<sup>(4)</sup> rose by 130% year-on-year to \$2,291m for Q1 2026, compared to \$996m for Q1 2025, mainly due to increased production volumes, and supported by the higher average gold price received per ounce\*
- Free cash flow\* rose by 190% year-on-year to \$1,169m in Q1 2026, from \$403m in Q1 2025
- Headline earnings<sup>(3)</sup> rose 187% year-on-year to \$1,285m in Q1 2026, from \$447m in Q1 2025; headline earnings<sup>(3)</sup> per share up 186% year-on-year to 252 US cents per share in Q1 2026, from 88 US cents per share in Q1 2025
- Total capital expenditure for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> increased 39% year-on-year to \$467m for Q1 2026, from \$336m in Q1 2025, including \$305m in sustaining capital expenditure\* and \$162m in non-sustaining capital expenditure\*, reflecting strategic portfolio reinvestment
- Net debt<sup>(4)</sup> ended in a net cash<sup>(4)</sup> position of \$868m at 31 March 2026
- Interim dividend of 116 US cents/share declared for Q1 2026

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.

## Group Performance *continued*

<b>Operating results</b>	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025	%
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>			Variance
Gold production - Group <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup> (koz)	724	720	1 %
Gold production - Managed operations <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup> (koz)	666	657	1 %
Total cash costs* - Group <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	1,391	1,223	14 %
Total cash costs* - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	1,377	1,213	14 %
AISC* - Group <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	1,955	1,640	19 %
AISC* - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup> (\$/oz)	1,980	1,657	19 %

### Operational highlights

- TRIFR at managed operations was 0.86 injuries per million hours worked in Q1 2026
- We are deeply saddened to report a fatal incident involving a contractor, which occurred at the Obuasi KMS operation on 24 April 2026 (subsequent to Q1 2026); a comprehensive investigation is currently underway and we extend our sincerest condolences to the family and colleagues affected by this tragedy
- Gold production for the Group<sup>(1)(2)</sup> increased by 1% year-on-year in Q1 2026 to 724koz compared to 720koz in Q1 2025; excluding Serra Grande, there was a 2% year-on-year increase in Q1 2026
- Gold production from managed operations<sup>(1)(2)</sup> rose 1% year-on-year to 666koz in Q1 2026, up from 657koz in Q1 2025, supported by increases at Geita, Cuiabá, Obuasi, Iduapriem, Cerro Vanguardia and Tropicana; excluding Serra Grande, there was a 3% year-on-year increase in Q1 2026
- Obuasi delivered 62,000oz in Q1 2026, a significant 15% year-on-year increase, as underground mined tonnes improved, while Geita also grew production by 10% year-on-year
- Sunrise Dam's gold production dropped 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026, mainly due to lower underground tonnes resulting from equipment issues and lower grades
- Total cash costs per ounce\* for the Group<sup>(1)</sup> increased 14% year-on-year to \$1,391/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,223/oz in Q1 2025; AISC per ounce\* for the Group<sup>(1)(2)</sup> rose 19% year-on-year to \$1,955/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,640/oz in Q1 2025
- Total cash costs per ounce\* from managed operations<sup>(1)</sup> increased 14% year-on-year to \$1,377/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,213/oz in Q1 2025 mainly due to market-driven factors, with higher gold royalty costs, increases in labour and mining contractor costs, as well as a stronger foreign currency exchange rate against the US Dollar
- AISC per ounce\* from managed operations<sup>(1)</sup> rose 19% year-on-year to \$1,980/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,657/oz in Q1 2025, reflecting higher total cash costs per ounce\* and higher sustaining capital expenditure\* reinvestment

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.

## Group Financial and Operating Key Statistics

Key statistics		Quarter	Quarter
		ended	ended
		Mar	Mar
		2026	2025
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>			
<b>Operating review</b>			
Gold			
Produced - Group <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>	- oz (000)	724	720
Produced - Managed operations <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>	- oz (000)	666	657
Produced - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- oz (000)	58	63
Sold - Group <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>	- oz (000)	719	737
Sold - Managed operations <sup>(1)(2)(3)</sup>	- oz (000)	650	670
Sold - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- oz (000)	69	67
<b>Financial review</b>			
Gold income	- \$m	3,154	1,927
Cost of sales - Group <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	1,416	1,230
Cost of sales - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	1,293	1,124
Cost of sales - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	123	106
Total operating costs	- \$m	999	833
Gross profit	- \$m	1,943	839
Average gold price received per ounce* - Group <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	4,863	2,874
Average gold price received per ounce* - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	4,857	2,875
Average gold price received per ounce* - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	4,918	2,865
All-in sustaining costs per ounce* - Group <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,955	1,640
All-in sustaining costs per ounce* - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,980	1,657
All-in sustaining costs per ounce* - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,719	1,463
Total cash costs per ounce* - Group <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,391	1,223
Total cash costs per ounce* - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,377	1,213
Total cash costs per ounce* - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$/oz	1,554	1,325
Profit for the period	- \$m	1,462	542
EBITDA* <sup>(5)</sup>	- \$m	2,291	996
Total borrowings	- \$m	2,257	2,213
Net debt (cash)* <sup>(5)</sup>	- \$m	(868)	755
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	- \$m	1,281	443
	- US cents/share	252	88
Headline earnings <sup>(4)</sup>	- \$m	1,285	447
	- US cents/share	252	88
Net cash inflow from operating activities	- \$m	1,709	725
Free cash flow*	- \$m	1,169	403
Capital expenditure - Group <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	467	336
Capital expenditure - Managed operations <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	428	303
Capital expenditure - Non-managed joint ventures <sup>(1)</sup>	- \$m	39	33

<sup>(1)</sup> The term "managed operations" refers to subsidiaries managed by AngloGold Ashanti and included in its consolidated reporting, while the term "non-managed joint ventures" (i.e., Kibali) refers to equity-accounted joint ventures that are reported based on AngloGold Ashanti's share of attributable earnings and are not managed by AngloGold Ashanti. Managed operations are reported on a consolidated basis. Non-managed joint ventures are reported on an attributable basis.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes gold concentrate from the Cuiabá mine sold to third parties.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes Q1 2025 gold production and gold sold of 10,000oz for the Serra Grande operation, which was sold on 1 December 2025.

<sup>(4)</sup> The financial measures "headline earnings (loss)" and "headline earnings (loss) per share" are not calculated in accordance with IFRS<sup>®</sup> Accounting Standards, but in accordance with the Headline Earnings Circular 1/2023, issued by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA), at the request of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange Limited (JSE). These measures are required to be disclosed by the JSE Listings Requirements and therefore do not constitute Non-GAAP financial measures for purposes of the rules and regulations of the US Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") applicable to the use and disclosure of Non-GAAP financial measures.

<sup>(5)</sup> To enhance comparability with industry peers, AngloGold Ashanti will present net debt (cash)\* and EBITDA\* as well as its net debt (cash)\* to EBITDA\* ratio (leverage ratio), which are Non-GAAP financial measures, and will not further adjust these metrics in its reporting. Comparative periods will also reflect this change.

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.

\$ represents US Dollar, unless otherwise stated.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Group Financial and Operating Results

### Quarterly Review

#### Gold production

Group gold production for Q1 2026 totalled 724,000oz, a 1% increase year-on-year from 720,000oz in Q1 2025, with solid year-on-year gold production increases at Geita (+12koz), Cuiabá (+9koz), Obuasi (+8koz), Iduapriem (+4koz), Cerro Vanguardia (+3koz) and Tropicana (+2koz). Excluding Serra Grande, which was sold on 1 December 2025, there was a 2% year-on-year increase in gold production for the Group in Q1 2026.

Geita delivered a strong Q1 2026, with gold production increasing by 10% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, with higher open pit mined tonnes from Nyamulilima Cut 2 and higher underground mined tonnes due to improved stope flexibility. Tonnes treated increased by 20% year-on-year due to higher mill throughput and availability, with Q1 2025 impacted by a planned mill shutdown.

Gold production at Cuiabá increased by 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, with total tonnes processed including concentrate ore, increasing by 34%, partly offset by lower mill head grade as a result of higher dilution from underground ore.

Obuasi achieved substantive improvements during Q1 2026, with gold production increasing by 15% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly driven by an increase in tonnes treated from underground operations, with an improvement in operating conditions and equipment availability.

The Group experienced lower gold production at Sunrise Dam (-10koz), mainly due to lower underground tonnes and grades resulting from lower loader availability from unplanned mechanical maintenance, as well as an increase in low grade stockpiles processed due to crusher challenges. There were modest decreases at Siguiri (-5koz), Kibali (-5koz) and Sukari (-4koz). Serra Grande, which produced 10koz in Q1 2025, was sold on 1 December 2025.

#### Costs

Total cash costs per ounce\* for the Group increased by 14% year-on-year to \$1,391/oz in Q1 2026, compared to \$1,223/oz in Q1 2025. The increase was primarily driven by higher royalty costs linked to the stronger average gold price received per ounce\*, which resulted in an estimated 10% increase in total cash costs per ounce\*. In addition, costs increased as a result of an estimated 4% rise in inflation mainly due to increases in labour and mining contractor costs, reflecting consumer price index ("CPI") movements in the jurisdictions where the Group operates, including a stronger foreign currency exchange rate against the US Dollar which resulted in an estimated 2% increase in costs.

Managed operations recorded a 14% year-on-year increase in total cash costs per ounce\*, rising from \$1,213/oz in Q1 2025 to

\$1,377/oz in Q1 2026. The impact of the higher gold royalties and inflation from higher labour and mining contractor costs were partially offset by stronger year-on-year production performances at Geita, Cuiabá, Obuasi, Iduapriem, Cerro Vanguardia and Tropicana, as well as higher by-product revenue at Cerro Vanguardia due to the higher silver price received in Q1 2026.

Total cash costs per ounce\* at the Group's non-managed joint ventures increased by 17% year-on-year to \$1,554/oz in Q1 2026, compared to \$1,325/oz in Q1 2025. The increase was primarily driven by lower year-on-year gold production and higher gold price-linked royalties at Kibali.

All-in sustaining costs per ounce\* ("AISC") for the Group increased by 19% year-on-year to \$1,955/oz in Q1 2026, compared to \$1,640/oz in Q1 2025. At the managed operations, AISC per ounce\* increased by 19% year-on-year to \$1,980/oz in Q1 2026, up from \$1,657/oz in Q1 2025, primarily due to higher total cash costs per ounce\* and higher year-on-year sustaining capital expenditure\*. AISC per ounce\* at the non-managed joint ventures increased by 17% year-on-year to \$1,719/oz in Q1 2026, from \$1,463/oz in Q1 2025, mainly due to a year-on-year increase in total cash costs per ounce\*.

#### EBITDA\*

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation\* ("EBITDA\*") for Q1 2026 increased to \$2,291m, up from \$996m in Q1 2025. This strong year-on-year growth was mainly underpinned by a favourable operating and market environment, including a higher average gold price received per ounce\*, higher equity earnings from associates and non-managed joint ventures and favourable inventory movements. These gains were partially offset by lower gold sales volumes, higher total operating costs (mainly driven by increased royalty expenses and global inflation primarily due to increases in labour and mining contractor costs), higher corporate and exploration costs, and higher care and maintenance costs.

#### Earnings

Basic earnings (profit attributable to equity shareholders) for Q1 2026 were \$1,281m, or 252 US cents per share, compared to \$443m, or 88 US cents per share, in Q1 2025. The strong year-on-year increase was largely driven by a higher average gold price received per ounce\*, higher equity earnings from associates and non-managed joint ventures and favourable inventory movements.

These positive contributions were partially offset by lower gold sales volumes, higher total operating costs, including increased royalty expenses, along with higher asset amortisation, higher corporate and exploration costs, higher care and maintenance costs, higher finance costs and unwinding of obligations, and a higher tax charge.



Iduapriem, Ghana

## Group Financial and Operating Results *continued*

### Quarterly Review

Headline earnings<sup>‡</sup> for Q1 2026 were \$1,285m, or 252 US cents per share, compared to \$447m, or 88 US cents per share, in Q1 2025. The increase in headline earnings<sup>‡</sup> reflects the same key drivers that supported the rise in basic earnings during Q1 2026. In addition, headline earnings<sup>‡</sup> excludes impairment reversals/impairments, asset derecognitions and losses (profits) on disposal of assets and taxes thereon.

<sup>‡</sup> The financial measures “headline earnings (loss)” and “headline earnings (loss) per share” are not calculated in accordance with IFRS<sup>®</sup> Accounting Standards, but in accordance with the Headline Earnings Circular 1/2023, issued by the South African Institute of Chartered Accountants (SAICA), at the request of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange Limited (JSE). These measures are required to be disclosed by the JSE Listings Requirements and therefore do not constitute Non-GAAP financial measures for purposes of the rules and regulations of the SEC applicable to the use and disclosure of Non-GAAP financial measures.

### Cash flow

Net cash inflow from operating activities reached \$1,709m in Q1 2026, representing a 136% year-on-year increase from \$725m in Q1 2025. This strong performance was underpinned by a higher average gold price received per ounce\* and higher dividends received from joint ventures. These gains were partially offset by higher total operating costs and increased tax payments.

After accounting for capital expenditure, loan repayments from Kibali, and distributions to non-controlling shareholders, the Company generated a free cash inflow\* of \$1,169m in Q1 2026, compared to \$403m in Q1 2025.

The dividend policy targets a 50% payout of annual free cash flow\*, subject to maintaining a net debt\* to EBITDA\* ratio of no higher than 1.0 times. The interim dividend for Q1 2026, is 116 US cents per share.

During Q1 2026, AngloGold Ashanti received \$61m in dividends and \$50m in loan repayments from the Kibali joint venture, compared to \$60m in loan repayments in Q1 2025. The Company’s attributable share of outstanding cash balances awaiting repatriation from the Democratic Republic of the Congo (“DRC”) was \$146m at 31 March 2026, up from \$110m at 31 December 2025.

Free cash flow\* during Q1 2026 was impacted by ongoing movements in value-added tax (“VAT”) recoveries at Geita and Kibali and foreign exchange controls at Cerro Vanguardia (“CVSA”):

- In Tanzania, the net overdue recoverable VAT input credit balance (after discounting provisions) decreased by \$21m during Q1 2026 to \$150m at 31 March 2026, down from \$171m at 31 December 2025. This decrease reflects the application of \$31m in verified VAT claims against corporate tax liabilities and foreign exchange gains of \$13m, partially offset by new claims submitted during the period of \$21m, and a decrease in the discounting provision of \$2m. AngloGold Ashanti expects to continue offsetting eligible VAT claims against corporate taxes as part of its recovery strategy.
- In the DRC, the Company’s attributable share of the net recoverable VAT balance (including fuel duties and after discounting provisions) remained similar to Q4 2025 totalling \$63m at 31 March 2026. During Q1 2026, \$15m of new claims were submitted, which were fully offset by \$15m in revaluation adjustments.
- In Argentina, CVSA’s cash balance increased by \$174m<sup>#</sup> during Q1 2026 to \$271m<sup>#</sup> at 31 March 2026, up from \$97m<sup>#</sup> at 31 December 2025. The cash remains available for CVSA’s operational and exploration requirements.

During Q4 2025, CVSA paid the remaining offshore dividends related to the 2024 financial year to AngloGold Ashanti by utilising a currency swap mechanism to secure the required US dollars. Dividends related to the 2025 financial year are expected to be paid to AngloGold Ashanti during Q2 2026, once CVSA’s 2025 local financial statements will be finished and the relevant dividend distribution will be approved.

<sup>#</sup> US dollar equivalent and at prevailing exchange rates.



AGA Mineração, Brazil

## Group Financial and Operating Results *continued*

### Quarterly Review

<b>Free cash flow*</b>	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026</b>	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2025</b>
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b>	1,709	725
Repayment of loans advanced to joint ventures	50	60
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(162)	(79)
<b>Operating cash flow</b>	1,597	706
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible assets	(428)	(303)
<b>Free cash flow*</b>	1,169	403

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.  
Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

### Balance sheet and liquidity

During Q1 2026, net debt\* ended in a cash position, despite the payment of \$1,026m in dividends during Q1 2026. Net cash\* at 31 March 2026 was \$868m, compared to net cash\* of \$624m at 31 December 2025.

At 31 March 2026, the balance sheet remained robust, supported by significant available liquidity. This included the undrawn \$1.4bn multi-currency revolving credit facility ("RCF"), the undrawn \$65m Siguiri RCF and \$5m undrawn on the Geita multi-currency RCF. AngloGold Ashanti held approximately \$3.1bn in cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2026, bringing Group liquidity to approximately \$4.6bn at 31 March 2026.

On 30 March 2026, AngloGold Ashanti Holdings plc ("AGAH") launched a capped cash tender offer for up to \$650m aggregate purchase price (excluding accrued interest) ("Aggregate Cap") for part of its 3.375% notes due 2028 ("2028 Notes"), 3.750% notes due 2030 ("2030 Notes") and 6.500% notes due 2040 ("2040 Notes"). The Aggregate Cap was met and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the capped cash tender offer, on 16 April 2026, AGAH purchased \$559m principal amount of the 2028 Notes, \$107m principal amount of the 2030 Notes and none of the 2040 Notes. The purchased notes were then cancelled on the same day. The purpose of the tender offer was to utilise available cash and reduce the overall principal amount of debt.

### Capital expenditure

During Q1 2026, sustaining capital expenditure\* of the Group increased by 29% year-on-year to \$305m, compared to \$236m in

Q1 2025. Sustaining capital expenditure\* at managed operations rose by 30% year-on-year to \$289m in Q1 2026, up from \$223m in Q1 2025. This increase was primarily driven by increased Mineral Reserve development at Iduapriem and early acquisition of additional mining fleet at Siguiri. At non-managed joint ventures, sustaining capital expenditure\* increased by 23% year-on-year to \$16m in Q1 2026, from \$13m in Q1 2025, mainly reflecting higher expenditure at Kibali on mining equipment and rebuilds to enhance both underground and open pit fleet availability.

Non-sustaining capital expenditure\* for the Group was \$162m in Q1 2026, a 62% increase year-on-year from \$100m in Q1 2025. At managed operations, non-sustaining capital expenditure\* rose by 74% year-on-year to \$139m, from \$80m in Q1 2025, largely due to tailings storage facility ("TSF") expenditure at Siguiri, with ongoing slope regulation to maintain stability of the TSF following the seepage issues experienced in Q3 2025, and an increase in Obuasi's underground decline development meters. This increase was partially offset by reduced growth capital expenditure at Iduapriem as a result of the completion of Phase 2 of the Beposo TSF project in Q1 2025.

Non-managed joint ventures recorded a 15% year-on-year increase in non-sustaining capital expenditure\* to \$23m in Q1 2026, from \$20m in Q1 2025, mainly driven by higher expenditure at Kibali on waste stripping for the Pamao deposition project.

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.



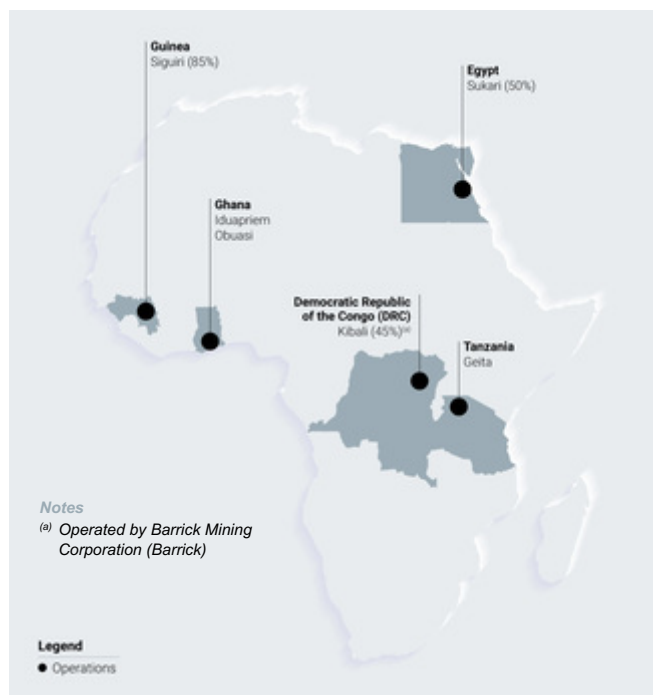
Cerro Vanguardia, Argentina

## Regions Financial and Operating Results

Quarter in review

### Regional view

#### Africa region



**In the Africa region**, managed operations produced 422,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,379/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 407,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,144/oz in Q1 2025. Non-managed joint ventures produced (on an attributable basis) 58,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,554/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 63,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,325/oz in Q1 2025.

**In Ghana, at Iduapriem**, gold production was 44,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,736/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 40,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,493/oz during Q1 2025. Gold production increased by 10% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025 largely due to a 39% increase in tonnes treated year-on-year stemming from a seventeen-day plant shutdown in Q1 2025 to investigate and repair a tear in the lining of the Beposo TSF. The benefit of the increase in tonnes treated was partially offset by a 22% year-on-year decrease in recovered grade, mainly due to a lower head grade compared to Q1 2025. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to increases in royalties linked to the higher gold price, as well as increased labour, reagents and mining contractor costs, partially offset by the benefit of a higher production base, a build-up of gold in process inventories and decreased stores costs compared to Q1 2025.

**At Obuasi**, gold production was 62,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,492/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 54,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,284/oz during Q1 2025. Gold production increased by 15% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025. The strong production performance was mainly as a result of improved underground operational conditions and equipment availability, partially offset by lower recovered grade year-on-year stemming from lower plant recoveries.

Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to higher operating costs associated with increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, higher labour and mining contractor costs, increases in technical services due to updated rates, and higher reagents and power expenditure related to increased operational activity,

partially offset by a higher production base and an increase in metal inventories.

**In Guinea, at Siguri**, gold production was 75,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,895/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 80,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,521/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production decreased by 6% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to a 9% year-on-year decrease in tonnes treated due to limited capacity for tailings deposition, partially offset by a 5% year-on-year increase in recovered grade due to improved head grade and plant recoveries in Q1 2026. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 25% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, primarily driven by the impact of lower production, a depletion of metal inventories, increased royalties linked to the higher gold price and higher stores and technical services costs related to dust suppression activities, partially offset by decreased mining contractor costs.

**In Tanzania, at Geita**, gold production was 128,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,141/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 116,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,021/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production increased by 10% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to a 20% increase in tonnes treated year-on-year as a result of a ball mill shutdown in Q1 2025 resulting in lower throughput rates in Q1 2025. The benefit of the higher tonnes treated in Q1 2026 was partially offset by an 8% decline in recovered grade year-on-year due to lower mined grades from underground operations. Plant recoveries improved year-on-year stemming from improved grinding and steady carbon-in-leach (“CIL”) circuit operation. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 12% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to higher operating costs associated with increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, increased security and insurance-related costs and higher mining contractor and maintenance-related costs, partially offset by the benefit of higher production, increased by-product revenue and decreased stores and lubricant material costs compared to Q1 2025.

**In Egypt, at Sukari**, gold production was 113,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,106/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 117,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$826/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production decreased by 3% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to a 27% year-on-year decrease in recovered grade driven by lower mined grades from underground operations, partially offset by a 10% year-on-year increase in tonnes treated at the process plant. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 34% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, driven by the impact of lower production, a drawdown of metal inventories, increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, as well as increased labour, mining contractor and maintenance-related costs.

**In the DRC, at Kibali**, gold production (on an attributable basis) was 58,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,554/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 63,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,325/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production decreased by 8% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, largely due to a 28% year-on-year decrease in the recovered grade stemming from lower mined grades from open pit and underground operations and a lower proportion of underground tonnes treated in Q1 2026 as a result of equipment availability issues, partially offset by an increase in open pit tonnes treated, driven by a stronger open pit mining performance year-on-year. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 17% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly driven by increased operating costs associated with higher open pit mining and processing unit costs linked to production inefficiencies, increased royalties linked to the higher gold price and higher fuel prices, partially offset by increased metal inventories and lower stores costs.

## Regions Financial and Operating Results *continued*

Quarter in review

### Australia region



In the Australia region, gold production (on an attributable basis) was 127,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,798/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 135,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,456/oz in Q1 2025.

At Sunrise Dam, gold production was 51,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$2,087/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 61,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,479/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production decreased by 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to a 15% year-on-year decline in recovered grade as a result of lower underground grade, stemming from lower loader and stope availability, and an increase in low grade stockpiles processed due to operational challenges with the crusher in Q1 2026. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 41% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly driven by the impact of lower production, higher operating costs related to increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, increased repair and maintenance expenditure and higher reagents and stores costs, partially offset by a build-up of metal inventories and lower consultancy costs.

At Tropicana, gold production (on an attributable basis) was 76,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,456/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 74,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,317/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production increased by 3% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, primarily due to a marginal 2% year-on-year increase in tonnes treated and a marginal 1% year-on-year increase in recovered grade stemming from improved head grade, partially offset by lower plant recoveries in Q1 2026. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 11% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to increased mining contractor costs, increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, as well as higher labour costs, partially offset by lower volume-related open pit mining costs and a build-up of metal inventories.



## Regions Financial and Operating Results *continued*

Quarter in review

### Americas region



In the Americas region, gold production was 117,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$923/oz in Q1 2026, compared to 115,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,170/oz in Q1 2025 (including gold production of 10,000oz for the Serra Grande operation, which was sold on 1 December 2025).

In Brazil, at Cuiabá (AGA Mineração), gold production was 67,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,159/oz for Q1 2026, compared to 58,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$897/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production is recorded upon refining and pouring at the plant, together with the shipment of gold concentrate. Gold production increased by 16% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly driven by an increase in tonnes mined from underground operations, partially offset by a 13% year-on-year decrease in recovered grade due to lower mined grades in Q1 2026. Total cash costs per ounce\* increased by 29% year-on-year for Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to increased royalties linked to the higher gold price, increased labour and mining contractor costs, higher stores and reagent costs related to increased maintenance and rehabilitation activities, and a depletion of metal inventories, partially offset by the benefit of a higher production base.

In Argentina, at Cerro Vanguardia, gold production was 50,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$602/oz during Q1 2026, compared to 47,000oz at a total cash cost\* of \$1,201/oz in Q1 2025. Gold production increased by 6% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to a 24% year-on-year increase in recovered grade stemming from higher mined grades at open pit and underground operations, partially offset by a decrease in tonnes placed on the heap leach in Q1 2026. Total cash costs per ounce\* significantly decreased by 50% year-on-year in Q1 2026 compared to Q1 2025, mainly due to increased by-product revenue due to a stronger silver price, the impact of higher gold production output and lower stores and reagents costs, partially offset by increased royalties linked to the higher gold and silver prices, a depletion of metal inventories and increased labour costs.



Nevada, United States of America

## Corporate Update

Quarter in review

### Corporate update

#### Issued share capital

As at 7 May 2026, the total issued ordinary share capital of the Company consisted of 505,609,800 ordinary shares of \$1.00 each. Each AngloGold Ashanti ordinary share carries one voting right. The Company does not hold any of its ordinary shares in treasury.

This figure may be used by AngloGold Ashanti shareholders to determine whether they are required to notify their interest, or a change to their interest, in the Company under its Articles of Association or to comply with any other applicable laws and regulations.

#### Proposed share repurchase programme

On 7 May 2026, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") approved a proposed share repurchase programme for AngloGold Ashanti's ordinary shares of up to \$2.0bn. The implementation of the proposed share repurchase programme is, among other things, subject to receiving shareholder approval, which the Company intends to seek by convening a general meeting of the Company's shareholders in due course, as well as any applicable regulatory approvals.

The implementation of the proposed share repurchase programme (including the timing, structure, manner, price and number of AngloGold Ashanti ordinary shares repurchased) will also depend on a number of factors, such as the Company's financial performance, availability of cash flows, business and

market conditions, and legal and regulatory requirements, and will be subject to the Company's discretion. The proposed share repurchase programme does not obligate AngloGold Ashanti to acquire any particular number of its ordinary shares, and the proposed share repurchase programme may be suspended or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

#### Sale of the La Colosa Project

On 13 April 2026, AngloGold Ashanti completed the sale of AngloGold Ashanti Colombia S.A.S., which owns the La Colosa project in the Department of Tolima in Colombia, to Mineros S.A. for a cash consideration of approximately \$10m and an additional contingent consideration of up to \$60m (linked to the total tonnage of mineral ore authorised under an approved work plan and environmental licence).

#### Change to Board Committee

Mr. Bruce Cleaver was appointed as a member of the Nominations and Governance Committee with effect from 7 May 2026. He continues to serve as Chair of the Social, Ethics and Sustainability Committee and as a member of the Audit and Risk Committee.

#### Exploration update

For detailed disclosure on the exploration work done for the three months ended 31 March 2026, see the Exploration Update document on the Company's website at [www.anglogoldashanti.com](http://www.anglogoldashanti.com) on both brownfield and greenfield exploration programmes.



Geita, Tanzania

# Group Financial Results

## Income Statement

	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
Revenue from product sales	3,236	1,963
Cost of sales	(1,293)	(1,124)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>1,943</b>	<b>839</b>
Corporate administration, marketing and related expenses	(44)	(27)
Exploration and evaluation costs	(60)	(51)
(Impairment) reversal of impairment, (derecognition of assets) and profit (loss) on disposal	(4)	(1)
Other expenses	(25)	(14)
Finance income	37	32
Foreign exchange and fair value adjustments	(35)	(39)
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations	(90)	(41)
Share of associates' and joint ventures' profit	227	31
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	<b>1,949</b>	<b>729</b>
Taxation	(487)	(187)
<b>Profit for the period</b>	<b>1,462</b>	<b>542</b>
Attributable to:		
Equity shareholders	1,281	443
Non-controlling interests	181	99
	<b>1,462</b>	<b>542</b>
Basic earnings per ordinary share (US cents) <sup>(1)</sup>	252	88
Diluted earnings per ordinary share (US cents) <sup>(2)</sup>	251	88

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated on the basic weighted average number of ordinary shares.

<sup>(2)</sup> Calculated on the diluted weighted average number of ordinary shares.

# Group Financial Results

## Statement of Financial Position

	<b>As at Mar 2026</b>	As at Mar 2025	As at Dec 2025
	<b>Unaudited</b>	Unaudited Revised <sup>(1)</sup>	Audited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>			
<b>Group Statement of Financial Position</b>			
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Tangible assets	8,689	8,593	8,515
Right of use assets	174	180	187
Intangible assets	110	99	106
Investments in associates and joint ventures	890	562	726
Other investments	106	90	12
Loan receivable	210	142	200
Inventories	205	147	175
Trade, other receivables and other assets <sup>(2)</sup>	241	221	249
Contingent consideration <sup>(2)</sup>	68	30	60
Reimbursive right for post-retirement benefits	51	52	51
Deferred taxation <sup>(1)</sup>	125	89	106
Cash restricted for use	45	42	44
	<b>10,914</b>	<b>10,247</b>	<b>10,431</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Loan receivable	30	268	133
Inventories	1,054	1,063	1,076
Trade, other receivables and other assets <sup>(2)</sup>	467	374	426
Contingent consideration <sup>(2)</sup>	41	1	62
Cash restricted for use	24	22	23
Cash and cash equivalents	3,154	1,491	2,905
Assets held for sale <sup>(3)</sup>	21	—	22
	<b>4,791</b>	<b>3,219</b>	<b>4,647</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>15,705</b>	<b>13,466</b>	<b>15,078</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
Share capital and premium	568	537	554
Accumulated profit (losses) and other reserves	7,967	6,237	7,537
Shareholders' equity	8,535	6,774	8,091
Non-controlling interests	1,843	1,903	1,825
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>10,378</b>	<b>8,677</b>	<b>9,916</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	2,020	1,926	2,025
Lease liabilities	154	129	155
Environmental rehabilitation and other provisions	694	678	687
Provision for pension and post-retirement benefits	61	60	61
Trade and other payables	14	7	14
Deferred taxation <sup>(1)</sup>	614	520	600
	<b>3,557</b>	<b>3,320</b>	<b>3,542</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Borrowings	30	88	19
Lease liabilities	53	70	59
Environmental rehabilitation and other provisions	142	113	131
Trade and other payables	966	822	1,001
Taxation <sup>(1)</sup>	540	343	377
Bank overdraft	29	33	23
Liabilities held for sale <sup>(3)</sup>	10	—	10
	<b>1,770</b>	<b>1,469</b>	<b>1,620</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>5,327</b>	<b>4,789</b>	<b>5,162</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b>15,705</b>	<b>13,466</b>	<b>15,078</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> The comparative period has been revised to correct immaterial prior period errors relating to the classification of deferred and current taxation assets and liabilities as previously reported in the Company's Q3 2025 and Q4 2025 financial results.

<sup>(2)</sup> Contingent consideration, which was previously reported as part of trade, other receivables and other assets, is now reported separately on the statement of financial position as these assets have a different measurement basis. Current taxation asset, which was previously reported separately, is now reported as part of trade, other receivables and other assets. Comparative periods have been reclassified.

<sup>(3)</sup> The assets and liabilities held for sale relate to the La Colosa project being classified as a disposal group held for sale.

## Group Financial Results

### Statement of Cash Flows

	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<b>Group Statement of Cash Flows</b>		
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Cash generated from operations	1,951	813
Dividends received from joint ventures	61	—
Taxation paid	(303)	(88)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1,709	725
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible assets	(428)	(303)
Contingent consideration received	19	19
Other investments and assets acquired <sup>(1)</sup>	(67)	—
(Increase) decrease in cash restricted for use	(2)	(1)
Interest received	24	19
Repayment of loans advanced to joint ventures	50	60
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(404)	(206)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from borrowings	—	199
Repayment of borrowings	—	(180)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(20)	(23)
Finance costs – borrowings	(18)	(22)
Finance costs – leases	(4)	(4)
Dividends paid	(1,026)	(427)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(1,068)	(457)
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	237	62
Translation	6	(1)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period (net of bank overdraft)	2,882	1,397
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (net of bank overdraft)</b>	3,125	1,458

<sup>(1)</sup> This relates to the purchase of shares in Thesis Gold Inc. and Gold X2 Mining Inc.

## Group Segmental

### Gold and by-product income

AngloGold Ashanti's operating segments are being reported based on the financial information regularly provided to the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Committee, collectively identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). Individual members of the Executive Committee are responsible for geographic regions of the business. Under the Group's operating model, the financial results and the composition of the operating segments are reported to the CODM per geographical region and the Projects segment which comprises all the major non-sustaining capital projects with the potential to be developed into operating entities. In addition to the geographical reportable segments structure, the Group has voluntarily disaggregated and disclosed the financial information on a line-by-line basis for each mining operation to facilitate comparability of mine performance.

	Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>Gold Income</b>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	2,321	1,389
Kibali - Attributable 45%	341	191
Iduapriem	217	114
Obuasi	283	171
Siguiri	377	221
Geita	604	362
Sukari	499	330
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	623	388
Sunrise Dam	247	170
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	376	218
<b>AMERICAS</b>	551	341
Cerro Vanguardia	248	142
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração <sup>(1)</sup>	303	169
Serra Grande	—	30
	3,495	2,118
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(341)	(191)
	3,154	1,927

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes income from sale of gold concentrate.

### By-product Revenue

	Unaudited	Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	6	2
Kibali - Attributable 45%	1	—
Geita	3	1
Sukari	2	1
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	3	1
Sunrise Dam	1	—
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	2	1
<b>AMERICAS</b>	74	33
Cerro Vanguardia	69	30
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	5	3
	83	36
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(1)	—
	82	36

## Group Segmental

### Cost of sales and gross profit

Cost of Sales	Quarter ended Mar 2026	Quarter ended Mar 2025
	Unaudited	Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	903	764
Kibali - Attributable 45%	123	106
Iduapriem	93	87
Obuasi	110	101
Siguiri	164	135
Geita	204	166
Sukari	209	169
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	288	233
Sunrise Dam	126	102
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	151	122
Administration and other	11	9
<b>AMERICAS</b>	225	232
Cerro Vanguardia	121	111
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	104	85
Serra Grande	—	36
<b>CORPORATE AND OTHER</b>	—	1
	1,416	1,230
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(123)	(106)
	1,293	1,124

### Gross Profit <sup>(1)</sup>

Gross Profit	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Unaudited	Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	1,424	628
Kibali - Attributable 45%	219	86
Iduapriem	124	27
Obuasi	174	70
Siguiri	213	86
Geita	402	197
Sukari	292	162
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	338	155
Sunrise Dam	122	68
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	227	97
Administration and other	(11)	(10)
<b>AMERICAS</b>	400	143
Cerro Vanguardia	196	62
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	204	88
Serra Grande	—	(6)
Administration and other	—	(1)
<b>CORPORATE AND OTHER</b>	—	(1)
	2,162	925
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(219)	(86)
	1,943	839

<sup>(1)</sup> The Group's segmental profit measure is gross profit, which excludes the results of associates and joint ventures. For the reconciliation of gross profit to profit for the period, refer to the Group income statement.

## Group Segmental

### Amortisation and capital expenditure

	Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	213	188
Kibali - Attributable 45%	20	21
Iduapriem	12	27
Obuasi	22	20
Siguiri	12	15
Geita	55	38
Sukari	92	67
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	56	38
Sunrise Dam	19	14
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	37	24
<b>AMERICAS</b>	41	49
Cerro Vanguardia	18	16
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	23	22
Serra Grande	—	11
<b>CORPORATE AND OTHER</b>	1	1
	311	276
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(20)	(21)
	291	255

## Capital Expenditure

	Unaudited	Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>AFRICA</b>	342	241
Kibali - Attributable 45%	39	33
Iduapriem	42	35
Obuasi	58	42
Siguiri	66	12
Geita	70	60
Sukari	67	59
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	38	29
Sunrise Dam	20	13
Tropicana - Attributable 70%	18	16
<b>AMERICAS</b>	54	48
Cerro Vanguardia	21	15
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	33	25
Serra Grande	—	8
<b>PROJECTS</b>	33	18
Colombian projects	1	10
North American projects	32	8
	467	336
Equity-accounted joint venture included above	(39)	(33)
	428	303

## Group Segmental

### Total Assets

<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>As at</b>	As at	As at
	<b>Mar</b>	Mar	Dec
	<b>2026</b>	2025	2025
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>	<b>Unaudited</b>	Unaudited Revised	Audited
<b>AFRICA</b>	9,807	9,094	9,294
Kibali - Attributable 45%	1,041	922	981
Iduapriem	682	594	668
Obuasi	1,644	1,531	1,617
Siguiri	918	620	700
Geita	1,348	1,263	1,283
Sukari	4,164	4,158	4,034
Administration and other	10	6	11
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	1,290	924	1,115
<b>AMERICAS</b>	1,846	1,594	1,712
Cerro Vanguardia	726	656	560
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	948	775	1,080
Serra Grande	—	145	—
Administration and other	172	18	72
<b>PROJECTS</b>	1,031	923	975
Colombian projects	117	216	117
North American projects	914	707	858
<b>CORPORATE AND OTHER</b>	1,731	931	1,982
	15,705	13,466	15,078

### By order of the Board

**J TILK**  
Chairman

**A CALDERON**  
Chief Executive Officer

**G DORAN**  
Chief Financial Officer

7 May 2026

## Dividends

AngloGold Ashanti plc today announces an interim dividend for the three months ended 31 March 2026 of 116 US cents per share. In respect of the interim dividend, the timelines, including dates for currency conversions, set out below will apply.

### To holders of ordinary shares on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)

2026	
Ex-dividend on NYSE	Friday, 29 May
Record date	Friday, 29 May
Payment date	Friday, 12 June

### To holders of ordinary shares on the South African Register

Additional information for South African resident shareholders of AngloGold Ashanti:

Shareholders registered on the South African section of the register are advised that the distribution of 116 US cents per ordinary share will be converted to South African rands at the applicable exchange rate.

In compliance with the requirements of Strate and the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE) Listings Requirements, the salient dates for payment of the dividend are as follows:

2026	
Declaration date	Friday, 8 May
Currency conversion rate for South African rands announcement date	Friday, 22 May
Last date to trade ordinary shares cum dividend	Tuesday, 26 May
Ordinary shares trade ex-dividend	Wednesday, 27 May
Record date	Friday, 29 May
Payment date	Friday, 12 June

Dividends in respect of dematerialised shareholdings will be credited to shareholders' accounts with the relevant CSDP (as defined below) or broker.

To comply with further requirements of Strate, share certificates may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Wednesday, 27 May 2026 and Friday, 29 May 2026, both days inclusive. No transfers between South African, NYSE and Ghanaian share registers will be permitted between Friday, 22 May 2026 and Friday, 29 May 2026, both days inclusive.

Details of the exchange rates applicable to the dividend and a summary of the tax considerations applicable to South African shareholders is expected to be published on Friday, 22 May 2026.

### To Beneficial Owners on the Ghana sub-register holding shares through the nominee arrangement with the Central Securities Depository (GH) LTD

2026	
Currency conversion date	Friday, 22 May
Last date to trade and to register shares cum dividend	Tuesday, 26 May
Shares trade ex-dividend	Wednesday, 27 May
Record date	Friday, 29 May
Approximate payment date of dividend	Friday, 12 June

### To Beneficial Owners holding Ghanaian Depository Shares (GhDSs) and acting by National Trust Holding Company Ltd as depository agent 100 GhDSs represent one ordinary share

2026	
Currency conversion date	Friday, 22 May
Last date to trade and to register GhDSs cum dividend	Tuesday, 26 May
GhDSs trade ex-dividend	Wednesday, 27 May
Record date	Friday, 29 May
Approximate payment date of dividend	Friday, 12 June

Beneficial owners on the Ghana sub-register holding shares and beneficial owners holding GhDSs are advised that the distribution of 116 US cents per ordinary share will be converted to Ghanaian cedis at the applicable exchange rate. Assuming an exchange rate of US\$1/ ₵11.2425, the gross dividend payable per share, is equivalent to ca. ₵13.0413 Ghanaian cedis. However, the actual rate of payment will depend on the exchange rate on the date for currency conversion.

### Entitlement to interim dividends

A "Shareholder of Record" is a person appearing on the register of members of the Company in respect of ordinary shares at the close of business on the relevant record date. A "Beneficial Owner" is a person who holds ordinary shares of the Company through a bank, broker, central securities depository participant ("CSDP"), Shareholder of Record or other agent (sometimes referred to as holding shares "in street name").

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Results

### Non-GAAP Disclosure

From time to time AngloGold Ashanti may publicly disclose certain “Non-GAAP” financial measures in the course of its financial presentations, earnings releases, earnings conference calls and otherwise.

In this document, AngloGold Ashanti presents the financial items “total cash costs”, “total cash costs per ounce”, “all-in sustaining costs”, “all-in sustaining costs per ounce”, “average gold price received per ounce”, “total cash cost margin”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure”, which have been determined using industry guidelines and practices and are not measures under IFRS. In addition, AngloGold Ashanti also presents the financial items “EBITDA”, “net debt (cash)” and “free cash flow” which are not measures under IFRS either. An investor should not consider these items in isolation or as alternatives to cost of sales, gold income, capital expenditure, profit (loss) for the period, total borrowings, cash flows from operating activities or any other measure of financial performance presented in accordance with IFRS or as an indicator of the Group’s performance. The Group uses certain Non-GAAP performance measures and ratios in managing the business and may provide users of this financial information with additional meaningful comparisons between current results and results in prior operating periods. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative to, the reported operating results or any other measure of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. In addition, the presentation of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures that other companies use.

The term “managed operations” refers to subsidiaries managed by AngloGold Ashanti and included in its consolidated reporting, while the term “non-managed joint ventures” refers to equity-accounted joint ventures that are reported based on AngloGold Ashanti’s share of attributable earnings and are not managed by AngloGold Ashanti. Managed operations are reported on a consolidated basis. Non-managed joint ventures are reported on an attributable basis.

#### All-in sustaining costs

During 2018, the World Gold Council (“WGC”), an industry body, published a revised Guidance Note on the “all-in sustaining costs” metric, which gold mining companies can use to supplement their overall Non-GAAP disclosure. The WGC worked closely with its members (including AngloGold Ashanti) to develop these Non-GAAP measures which are intended to provide further transparency into the full cost associated with producing gold. It is expected that this metric, which AngloGold Ashanti provides herein, will be helpful to investors, governments, local communities and other stakeholders in understanding the economics of gold mining.

“All-in sustaining costs” is a Non-GAAP measure which is an extension of the existing “total cash costs” metric and incorporates all costs related to sustaining production and in particular, recognises sustaining capital expenditures associated with developing and maintaining gold mines. In addition, this metric includes the cost associated with Corporate Office structures that support these operations, the community and environmental rehabilitation costs attendant with responsible mining and any exploration and evaluation cost associated with sustaining current operations. “All-in sustaining costs per ounce - managed operations” (\$/oz) is calculated by dividing the consolidated US dollar value of this cost metric by the consolidated ounces of gold sold. “All-in sustaining costs per ounce - non-managed joint ventures” (\$/oz) is calculated by dividing the attributable US dollar value of this cost metric by the attributable ounces of gold sold.

#### Total cash costs

“Total cash costs” is calculated in accordance with the guidelines of the Gold Institute industry standard and industry practice and is a Non-GAAP measure. The Gold Institute, which has been incorporated into the National Mining Association, is a non-profit international association of miners, refiners, bullion suppliers and manufacturers of gold products, which developed a uniform format for reporting total cash costs on a per ounce basis. The guidance was first adopted in 1996 and revised in November 1999.

“Total cash costs” is a Non-GAAP measure and, as calculated and reported by AngloGold Ashanti, include costs for all mining, processing, onsite administration costs, royalties and production taxes, as well as contributions from by-products, but exclude amortisation of tangible, intangible and right of use assets, rehabilitation costs and other non-cash costs, retrenchment costs, corporate administration, marketing and related costs, capital costs and exploration costs. “Total cash costs per ounce - managed operations” (\$/oz) is calculated by dividing the consolidated US dollar value of this cost metric by the consolidated ounces of gold produced. “Total cash costs per ounce - non-managed joint ventures” (\$/oz) is calculated by dividing the attributable US dollar value of this cost metric by the attributable ounces of gold produced.

#### Average gold price received per ounce

“Average gold price received per ounce” is a Non-GAAP measure which gives an indication of revenue earned per ounce of gold sold and serves as a benchmark of performance against the market spot gold price. “Average gold price received per ounce - managed operations” is calculated by dividing the consolidated US dollar value of this revenue metric by the consolidated ounces of gold sold. “Average gold price received per ounce - non-managed joint ventures” is calculated by dividing the attributable US dollar value of this revenue metric by the attributable ounces of gold sold.

#### Total cash cost margin

“Total cash cost margin” is a Non-GAAP measure which gives an indication of profitability after covering total cash costs, representing the difference between the average realised price of gold per ounce and the total cash costs per ounce required to produce it, expressed on a percentage basis. “Total cash cost margin” is calculated by AngloGold Ashanti as “average gold price received per ounce” minus “total cash costs per ounce”, divided by “average gold price received per ounce”, expressed on a percentage basis.

#### Sustaining capital expenditure

“Sustaining capital expenditure” is a Non-GAAP measure comprising capital expenditure incurred to sustain and maintain existing assets at their current productive capacity in order to achieve constant planned levels of productive output and capital expenditure to extend useful lives of existing production assets. This includes replacement of vehicles, plant and machinery, Mineral Reserve development, deferred stripping and capital expenditure related to financial benefit initiatives, safety, health and the environment.

#### Non-sustaining capital expenditure

“Non-sustaining capital expenditure” is a Non-GAAP measure comprising capital expenditure incurred at new operations and capital expenditure related to ‘major projects’ at existing operations where these projects will materially increase production.

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Results *continued*

While the Gold Institute provided definitions for the calculation of “total cash costs” and the WGC published a revised Guidance Note on the “all-in sustaining costs” metric during 2018, the calculation of “total cash costs”, “total cash costs per ounce”, “all-in sustaining costs” and “all-in sustaining costs per ounce” may vary significantly among gold mining companies, and by themselves do not necessarily provide a basis for comparison with other gold mining companies.

However, AngloGold Ashanti believes that “total cash costs” and “all-in sustaining costs” in total by mine and per ounce by mine as well as “average gold price received per ounce”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure” are useful indicators to investors and management as they provide:

- an indication of profitability, efficiency and cash flows;
- the trend in costs as the mining operations mature over time on a consistent basis; and
- an internal benchmark of performance to allow for comparison against other mines, both within the Group and at other gold mining companies.

Management prepares its internal management reporting documentation, for use and decision making by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), on a total basis.

The key metrics are based on the total ounces, gold income, “total cash costs”, “all-in sustaining costs”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure” from each operation and as a consequence includes AngloGold Ashanti’s share of the “total cash costs”, “all-in sustaining costs”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure” of its non-managed joint ventures that are accounted for under the equity method. In a capital intensive industry, this basis allows management to make operating and resource allocation decisions on a comparable basis between mining operations irrespective of whether they are consolidated or accounted for under the equity method. This basis of calculating the metrics is consistent with the WGC’s Guidance Note on the “all-in sustaining costs” metric.

Although AngloGold Ashanti has shareholder rights and board representation commensurate with its ownership interests in its equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures and reviews the underlying operating results including “total cash costs”, “all-in sustaining costs”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure” with them at each reporting period, it does not have direct control over their operations or resulting revenue and expenses, nor does it have a proportionate legal interest in each financial statement line item. AngloGold Ashanti’s use of “total cash costs”, “all-in sustaining costs”, “sustaining capital expenditure” and “non-sustaining capital expenditure” on a total basis, is not intended to imply that it has any such control or proportionate legal interest, but rather to reflect the Non-GAAP measures on a basis consistent with its internal and external segmental reporting.

### EBITDA

“EBITDA” is a Non-GAAP measure and, as calculated and reported by AngloGold Ashanti, includes profit (loss) for the period, adding back finance costs and unwinding of obligations, taxation, amortisation of tangible, right of use and intangible assets, and other amortisation, less finance income for the period.

To enhance comparability with industry peers, AngloGold Ashanti will present EBITDA, and will not further adjust this metric in its reporting. Comparative periods will also reflect this change.

### Net debt (cash)

“Net debt (cash)” is a Non-GAAP measure and, as calculated and reported by AngloGold Ashanti, includes total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents (net of bank overdraft).

To enhance comparability with industry peers, AngloGold Ashanti will present net debt (cash), and will not further adjust this metric in its reporting. Comparative periods will also reflect this change.

### Free cash flow

“Free cash flow” is a Non-GAAP measure and, as calculated and reported by AngloGold Ashanti, includes operating cash flow less capital expenditure. Operating cash flow is defined as net cash flow from operating activities, plus repayment of loans advanced to joint ventures, less distributions to non-controlling interests.



Siguiri, Guinea

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Results *continued*

### Reconciliations

#### *All-in sustaining costs and total cash costs per ounce (including total cash cost margin)*

A reconciliation of cost of sales as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release for the three months ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, to "all-in sustaining costs", "all-in sustaining costs per ounce", "total cash costs" and "total cash costs per ounce" for each of the three-month periods ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, is presented on a total (Group), total (managed operations/non-managed joint ventures) and segment basis in Note A below.

In addition, the Company has provided detail of the consolidated ounces of gold produced and sold by mine (for managed operations) and the attributable ounces of gold produced and sold by mine (for non-managed joint ventures) for each of those periods below.

#### *Average gold price received per ounce*

A reconciliation of gold income as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release for the three months ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, to "average gold price received per ounce" for each of the three-month periods ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, is presented on a total (Group) and total (managed operations/non-managed joint ventures) basis in Note B below.

#### *Sustaining capital expenditure and non-sustaining capital expenditure*

A reconciliation of capital expenditure as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release for the three months ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, to "sustaining capital expenditure" and "non-sustaining capital expenditure" for each of the three-month periods ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, is presented on a total (Group), total (managed operations/non-managed joint ventures) and segment basis in Note C below.

#### *EBITDA*

A reconciliation of profit (loss) for the period as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release for the three months ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, to "EBITDA" for each of the three-month periods ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, is presented on a total (Group) basis in Note D below.

#### *Net debt (cash)*

A reconciliation of total borrowings as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release as at 31 March 2026, 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2025 to "net debt (cash)" as at 31 March 2026, 31 March 2025 and 31 December 2025, is presented on a total (Group) basis in Note E below.

#### *Free cash flow*

A reconciliation of net cash flow from operating activities as included in AngloGold Ashanti's Earnings Release for the three months ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, to "free cash flow" for each of the three-month periods ended 31 March 2026 and 31 March 2025, is presented on a total (Group) basis in Note F below.



Sukari, Egypt

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A

All-in sustaining costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2026													
	Corporate and other <sup>(3)</sup>	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr. 70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information<sup>(2)</sup></b>	—	123	123	93	110	164	204	209	—	780	126	151	11	288
By-product revenue	—	(1)	(1)	—	—	—	(3)	(2)	—	(5)	(1)	(2)	—	(3)
Amortisation of tangible, intangible and right of use assets	(1)	(20)	(20)	(12)	(22)	(12)	(55)	(92)	—	(193)	(19)	(37)	—	(56)
Adjusted for decommissioning and inventory amortisation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corporate administration, marketing and related expenses	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lease payment sustaining	—	1	1	1	—	1	5	1	—	8	2	6	1	9
Sustaining exploration and study costs	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	—	5	1	—	—	1
Total sustaining capital expenditure	—	16	16	39	42	31	67	30	—	209	16	11	—	27
<b>All-in sustaining costs<sup>(5)</sup></b>	43	119	119	122	130	187	221	145	—	805	125	130	12	267
Gold sold - oz (000)	—	69	69	45	59	78	123	102	—	407	51	78	—	129
<b>All-in sustaining costs per ounce - \$/oz<sup>(1)</sup></b>	—	1,719	1,719	2,737	2,210	2,391	1,797	1,421	—	1,980	2,438	1,674	—	2,070

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure **Note A** *continued*

All-in sustaining costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2026							
	AMERICAS				Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Americas other	Americas		Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations	Group total <sup>(4)</sup>
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>								
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	121	104	—	225	—	123	1,293	1,416
By-product revenue	(69)	(5)	—	(74)	—	(1)	(82)	(83)
Amortisation of tangible, intangible and right of use assets	(18)	(23)	—	(41)	—	(20)	(291)	(311)
Adjusted for decommissioning and inventory amortisation	2	—	—	2	—	—	2	2
Corporate administration, marketing and related expenses	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	44
Lease payment sustaining	—	6	—	6	1	1	24	25
Sustaining exploration and study costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6
Total sustaining capital expenditure	21	31	—	52	1	16	289	305
<b>All-in sustaining costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	56	113	—	169	2	119	1,286	1,405
Gold sold - oz (000)	50	64	—	114	—	69	650	719
<b>All-in sustaining costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	1,117	1,768	—	1,481	—	1,719	1,980	1,955

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A *continued*

Total cash costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2026													
	Corporate and other <sup>(3)</sup>	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr. 70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information<sup>(2)</sup></b>	—	123	123	93	110	164	204	209	—	780	126	151	11	288
- By-product revenue	—	(1)	(1)	—	—	—	(3)	(2)	—	(5)	(1)	(2)	—	(3)
- Inventory change	—	(13)	(13)	(1)	7	(7)	—	17	—	16	(1)	(2)	—	(3)
- Amortisation of tangible assets	—	(20)	(20)	(10)	(22)	(11)	(49)	(92)	—	(184)	(17)	(30)	—	(47)
- Amortisation of right of use assets	(1)	—	—	(2)	—	(1)	(6)	—	—	(9)	(2)	(7)	—	(9)
- Amortisation of intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	—	1	1	(4)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(6)	—	(16)	—	—	—	—
- Retrenchment costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total cash costs<sup>(5)</sup></b>	(1)	90	90	77	93	142	146	125	—	583	106	110	11	227
Gold produced - oz (000)	—	58	58	44	62	75	128	113	—	422	51	76	—	127
<b>Total cash costs per ounce - \$/oz<sup>(1)</sup></b>	—	1,554	1,554	1,736	1,492	1,895	1,141	1,106	—	1,379	2,087	1,456	—	1,798

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A *continued*

Total cash costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2026							
	AMERICAS				Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Americas other	Americas		Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations	Group total <sup>(4)</sup>
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>								
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	121	104	—	225	—	123	1,293	1,416
- By-product revenue	(69)	(5)	—	(74)	—	(1)	(82)	(83)
- Inventory change	(3)	3	—	—	—	(13)	13	—
- Amortisation of tangible assets	(18)	(19)	—	(37)	—	(20)	(268)	(288)
- Amortisation of right of use assets	—	(4)	—	(4)	—	—	(23)	(23)
- Amortisation of intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	(1)	—	—	(1)	—	1	(17)	(16)
- Retrenchment costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total cash costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	30	78	—	108	—	90	917	1,007
Gold produced - oz (000)	50	67	—	117	—	58	666	724
<b>Total cash costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	602	1,159	—	923	—	1,554	1,377	1,391
Average gold price received per ounce - \$/oz						4,918	4,857	4,863
Total cash cost margin - %						68 %	72 %	71 %

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A *continued*

All-in sustaining costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2025													
	Corporate and other <sup>(3)</sup>	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr. 70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	1	106	106	87	101	135	166	169	—	658	102	122	9	233
By-product revenue	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1)	(1)	—	(2)	—	(1)	—	(1)
Amortisation of tangible, intangible and right of use assets	(1)	(21)	(21)	(27)	(20)	(15)	(38)	(67)	—	(167)	(14)	(24)	—	(38)
Adjusted for decommissioning and inventory amortisation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corporate administration, marketing and related expenses	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lease payment sustaining	—	—	—	1	—	1	6	1	—	9	4	4	1	9
Sustaining exploration and study costs	—	—	—	1	—	1	2	—	—	4	—	—	—	—
Total sustaining capital expenditure	—	13	13	19	37	12	55	32	—	155	13	6	—	19
<b>All-in sustaining costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	27	98	98	81	118	134	189	134	—	656	105	108	10	223
Gold sold - oz (000)	—	67	67	40	60	77	124	116	—	417	60	76	—	136
<b>All-in sustaining costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	—	1,463	1,463	2,053	1,973	1,733	1,521	1,153	—	1,573	1,768	1,409	—	1,636

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure **Note A** *continued*

All-in sustaining costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2025								
	AMERICAS					Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Serra Grande <sup>(6)</sup>	Americas other	Americas		Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations	Group total <sup>(4)</sup>
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>									
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	111	85	36	—	232	—	106	1,124	1,230
By-product revenue	(30)	(3)	—	—	(33)	—	—	(36)	(36)
Amortisation of tangible, intangible and right of use assets	(16)	(22)	(11)	—	(49)	—	(21)	(255)	(276)
Adjusted for decommissioning and inventory amortisation	(2)	—	—	—	(2)	—	—	(2)	(2)
Corporate administration, marketing and related expenses	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	27
Lease payment sustaining	—	6	2	—	8	—	—	26	26
Sustaining exploration and study costs	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	5	5
Total sustaining capital expenditure	15	25	8	—	48	1	13	223	236
<b>All-in sustaining costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	77	90	35	1	203	2	98	1,111	1,209
Gold sold - oz (000)	49	58	10	—	117	—	67	670	737
<b>All-in sustaining costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	1,577	1,544	3,403	—	1,731	—	1,463	1,657	1,640

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(6)</sup> Serra Grande was sold on 1 December 2025.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A *continued*

Total cash costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2025													
	Corporate and other <sup>(3)</sup>	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr. 70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	1	106	106	87	101	135	166	169	—	658	102	122	9	233
- By-product revenue	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1)	(1)	—	(2)	—	(1)	—	(1)
- Inventory change	—	(1)	(1)	3	(10)	2	(9)	(4)	—	(18)	2	—	—	2
- Amortisation of tangible assets	(1)	(21)	(21)	(26)	(20)	(14)	(32)	(66)	—	(158)	(10)	(19)	—	(29)
- Amortisation of right of use assets	—	—	—	(1)	—	(1)	(6)	(1)	—	(9)	(4)	(5)	—	(9)
- Amortisation of intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	—	1	1	(3)	(2)	(1)	—	—	—	(6)	—	—	—	—
- Retrenchment costs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total cash costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	—	84	84	60	69	122	118	97	—	466	91	97	9	197
Gold produced - oz (000)	—	63	63	40	54	80	116	117	—	407	61	74	—	135
<b>Total cash costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	—	1,325	1,325	1,493	1,284	1,521	1,021	826	—	1,144	1,479	1,317	—	1,456

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

Non-GAAP Disclosure Note A *continued*

Total cash costs	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2025								
	AMERICAS					Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Serra Grande <sup>(6)</sup>	Americas other	Americas		Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations	Group total <sup>(4)</sup>
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>									
<b>Cost of sales per segmental information <sup>(2)</sup></b>	111	85	36	—	232	—	106	1,124	1,230
- By-product revenue	(30)	(3)	—	—	(33)	—	—	(36)	(36)
- Inventory change	(5)	—	—	—	(5)	—	(1)	(21)	(22)
- Amortisation of tangible assets	(16)	(17)	(10)	—	(43)	—	(21)	(231)	(252)
- Amortisation of right of use assets	—	(5)	(1)	—	(6)	—	—	(24)	(24)
- Amortisation of intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
- Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs	(3)	(7)	1	—	(9)	—	1	(15)	(14)
- Retrenchment costs	(1)	—	—	—	(1)	—	—	(1)	(1)
<b>Total cash costs <sup>(5)</sup></b>	56	52	25	1	134	—	84	797	881
Gold produced - oz (000)	47	58	10	—	115	—	63	657	720
<b>Total cash costs per ounce - \$/oz <sup>(1)</sup></b>	1,201	897	2,485	—	1,170	—	1,325	1,213	1,223
Average gold price received per ounce - \$/oz							2,865	2,875	2,874
Total cash cost margin - %							54 %	58 %	57 %

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the operational performances of the mines, "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" are affected by fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rate. AngloGold Ashanti reports "all-in sustaining costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold sold in ounces. AngloGold Ashanti reports "total cash costs per ounce" calculated to the nearest US dollar amount and gold produced in ounces. "All-in sustaining costs per ounce" and "total cash costs per ounce" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Refer to Segmental reporting.

<sup>(3)</sup> Corporate includes non-gold producing managed operations.

<sup>(4)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(5)</sup> "Total cash costs" and "all-in sustaining costs" may not be calculated based on amounts presented in this table due to rounding.

<sup>(6)</sup> Serra Grande was sold on 1 December 2025.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note B

Quarter 1 | 2026 and 2025

Average gold price received per ounce	Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited			Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited		
	Managed operations	Non-managed joint ventures	Group (Equity)	Managed operations	Non-managed joint ventures	Group (Equity)
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>						
Gold income per income statement	3,154	341	3,154	1,927	191	1,927
Associates' and joint ventures' share of gold income			341			191
Gold income	3,154	341	3,495	1,927	191	2,118
Gold sold (oz 000) <sup>(1)</sup>	650	69	719	670	67	737
Average gold price received per ounce - \$/oz	4,857	4,918	4,863	2,875	2,865	2,874

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes Q1 2025 gold sold of 10,000oz for the Serra Grande operation, which was sold on 1 December 2025.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note C

Quarter 1 | 2026 and 2025

Capital expenditure	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2026													
	Corporate and other	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr.70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
Sustaining capital expenditure	—	16	16	39	42	31	67	30	—	209	16	11	—	27
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	—	23	23	3	16	35	3	37	—	94	4	7	—	11
<b>Capital expenditure</b>	—	39	39	42	58	66	70	67	—	303	20	18	—	38

Capital expenditure	AMERICAS					Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Americas other	Americas	Group total <sup>(1)</sup>		Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations	
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>									
Sustaining capital expenditure	21	31	—	52	1	16	289	305	
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	—	2	—	2	32	23	139	162	
<b>Capital expenditure</b>	21	33	—	54	33	39	428	467	

Capital expenditure	FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2025													
	Corporate and other	AFRICA									AUSTRALIA			
		Kibali - Attr. 45%	Non-managed joint ventures	Iduapriem	Obuasi	Siguiri	Geita	Sukari	Africa other	Managed operations	Sunrise Dam	Tropicana - Attr. 70%	Australia other	Australia
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>														
Sustaining capital expenditure	—	13	13	19	37	12	55	32	—	155	13	6	—	19
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	—	20	20	16	5	—	5	27	—	53	—	10	—	10
<b>Capital expenditure</b>	—	33	33	35	42	12	60	59	—	208	13	16	—	29

Capital expenditure	AMERICAS					Projects	GROUP		
	Cerro Vanguardia	AngloGold Ashanti Mineração	Serra Grande <sup>(2)</sup>	Americas other	Americas		Group total <sup>(1)</sup>	Non-managed joint ventures	Managed operations
<i>in US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>									
Sustaining capital expenditure	15	25	8	—	48	1	13	223	236
Non-sustaining capital expenditure	—	—	—	—	—	17	20	80	100
<b>Capital expenditure</b>	15	25	8	—	48	18	33	303	336

<sup>(1)</sup> Total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Serra Grande was sold on 1 December 2025.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note D

<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>EBITDA</b>		
Profit for the period	1,462	542
Add back:		
Finance costs and unwinding of obligations	90	41
Finance income	(37)	(32)
Taxation	487	187
Amortisation of tangible, right of use and intangible assets	291	255
Other amortisation	(2)	3
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>2,291</b>	<b>996</b>

*Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.*

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note E

<b>Net debt (cash)</b>	<b>As at Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	As at Mar 2025 Unaudited	As at Dec 2025 Unaudited
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>			
Borrowings - non-current portion	2,020	1,926	2,025
Borrowings - current portion	30	88	19
Lease liabilities - non-current portion	154	129	155
Lease liabilities - current portion	53	70	59
<b>Total borrowings</b>	<b>2,257</b>	<b>2,213</b>	<b>2,258</b>
Less cash and cash equivalents, net of bank overdraft	(3,125)	(1,458)	(2,882)
<b>Net debt (cash)</b>	<b>(868)</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>(624)</b>
<b>Net debt (cash) to EBITDA ratio</b>	<b>(0.13) :1</b>	<b>0.22:1</b>	<b>(0.11):1</b>
<b>Total borrowings to profit for the period</b>	<b>0.55:1</b>	<b>1.44:1</b>	<b>0.71:1</b>

*Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.*

## Non-GAAP Disclosure Note F

	<b>Quarter ended Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	Quarter ended Mar 2025 Unaudited
<b>Free cash flow</b>		
<i>US Dollar millions, except as otherwise noted</i>		
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	1,709	725
Repayment of loans advanced to joint ventures	50	60
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(162)	(79)
<b>Operating cash flow</b>	1,597	706
Capital expenditure on tangible and intangible assets	(428)	(303)
<b>Free cash flow</b>	1,169	403

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes working capital movements as per table below.

(Increase) decrease in inventories	(8)	—
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables	(72)	(42)
(Decrease) increase in trade payables	(37)	(127)
Movement in working capital	(117)	(169)

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Other Information Exchange Rates

<b>Exchange Rates</b>	<b>Mar 2026 Unaudited</b>	Mar 2025 Unaudited	Dec 2025 Unaudited
<b>ZAR/USD</b>			
Average for the year to date	16.34	18.47	17.86
Average for the quarter	16.34	18.47	17.10
Closing	16.93	18.30	16.56
<b>AUD/USD</b>			
Average for the year to date	1.44	1.59	1.55
Average for the quarter	1.44	1.59	1.52
Closing	1.45	1.60	1.50
<b>BRL/USD</b>			
Average for the year to date	5.26	5.85	5.59
Average for the quarter	5.26	5.85	5.39
Closing	5.22	5.74	5.50
<b>ARS/USD</b>			
Average for the year to date	1,417.69	1,056.67	1,246.73
Average for the quarter	1,417.69	1,056.67	1,436.37
Closing	1,382.76	1,073.88	1,459.42
<b>EGP/USD</b>			
Average for the year to date	48.82	50.47	49.19
Average for the quarter	48.82	50.47	47.45
Closing	54.48	50.52	47.65

## Operating Results Operations at a glance

Quarter 1 | 2026 and 2025

Operations at a glance	FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026 AND 31 MARCH 2025															
	Gold production oz (000)		Open pit treated 000 tonnes		Underground milled / treated 000 tonnes		Other milled / treated 000 tonnes		Open pit recovered grade g/tonne		Underground recovered grade g/tonne		Other recovered grade g/tonne		Total recovered grade g/tonne	
	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25
<b>AFRICA Non-managed joint ventures</b>	58	63	910	607	274	323	—	—	0.70	0.85	4.28	4.50	—	—	1.52	2.12
Kibali - Attr. 45% <sup>(1)</sup>	58	63	910	607	274	323	—	—	0.70	0.85	4.28	4.50	—	—	1.52	2.12
<b>AFRICA Managed operations</b>	422	407	7,324	6,901	1,422	1,159	699	111	1.02	1.00	3.87	4.68	0.31	0.39	1.39	1.55
Iduapriem	44	40	1,393	999	—	—	—	—	0.98	1.26	—	—	—	—	0.98	1.26
Obuasi	62	54	—	—	353	282	—	—	—	—	5.48	5.95	—	—	5.48	5.95
Siguiri <sup>(3)</sup>	75	80	2,669	2,947	—	—	—	—	0.88	0.84	—	—	—	—	0.88	0.84
Geita	128	116	595	521	756	605	—	—	2.25	1.88	3.50	4.34	—	—	2.95	3.20
Sukari <sup>(3)</sup>	113	117	2,667	2,434	313	272	699	111	0.89	0.91	2.95	4.12	0.31	0.39	0.95	1.30
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	127	135	1,686	1,550	796	928	—	—	1.24	1.22	2.32	2.49	—	—	1.58	1.69
Sunrise Dam	51	61	449	308	480	640	—	—	1.24	1.36	2.13	2.31	—	—	1.70	2.00
Tropicana - Attr. 70%	76	74	1,237	1,242	316	288	—	—	1.24	1.18	2.61	2.88	—	—	1.52	1.50
<b>AMERICAS</b>	117	115	179	186	459	627	525	520	2.91	2.49	4.88	4.47	1.68	0.58	3.13	2.68
Cerro Vanguardia <sup>(3)</sup>	50	47	179	184	134	133	408	520	2.91	2.50	5.31	5.23	0.77	0.58	2.15	1.74
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração <sup>(2)</sup>	67	58	—	—	325	331	117	—	—	—	4.70	5.43	4.84	—	4.74	5.43
Serra Grande <sup>(4)</sup>	—	10	—	2	—	163	—	—	—	1.17	—	1.92	—	—	—	1.91
<b>Managed operations</b>	666	657	9,189	8,637	2,677	2,714	1,224	631	1.09	1.07	3.58	3.88	0.90	0.55	1.58	1.71
<b>Non-managed joint ventures</b>	58	63	910	607	274	323	—	—	0.70	0.85	4.28	4.50	—	—	1.52	2.12
<b>Group total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures</b>	724	720	10,099	9,244	2,951	3,037	1,224	631	1.06	1.06	3.65	3.95	0.90	0.55	1.58	1.74

<sup>(1)</sup> Equity-accounted joint venture.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes gold concentrate from the Cuiabá mine sold to third parties.

<sup>(3)</sup> On a consolidated basis. Siguiri, Sukari and Cerro Vanguardia are owned 85%, 50% and 92.50% by AngloGold Ashanti, respectively.

<sup>(4)</sup> Serra Grande was sold on 1 December 2025.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Financial Results Operations at a glance

Quarter 1 | 2026 and 2025

Operations at a glance	FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED 31 MARCH 2026 AND 31 MARCH 2025													
	Cost of sales		Gross profit		Total cash costs per ounce*		All-in sustaining costs per ounce*		Sustaining MRD / Stripping capital		Other sustaining capital		Non-sustaining capital*	
	\$m	Mar-25	\$m	Mar-25	\$/oz	Mar-25	\$/oz	Mar-25	\$m	Mar-25	\$m	Mar-25	\$m	Mar-25
	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25	Mar-26	Mar-25
<b>AFRICA Non-managed joint ventures</b>	123	106	219	86	1,554	1,325	1,719	1,463	6	6	10	7	23	20
Kibali - Attr. 45% <sup>(1)</sup>	123	106	219	86	1,554	1,325	1,719	1,463	6	6	10	7	23	20
<b>AFRICA Managed operations</b>	780	658	1,205	542	1,379	1,144	1,980	1,573	109	95	100	60	94	53
Iduapriem	93	87	124	27	1,736	1,493	2,737	2,053	34	15	5	4	3	16
Obuasi	110	101	174	70	1,492	1,284	2,210	1,973	26	28	16	9	16	5
Siguiri <sup>(3)</sup>	164	135	213	86	1,895	1,521	2,391	1,733	11	7	20	5	35	—
Geita	204	166	402	197	1,141	1,021	1,797	1,521	28	35	39	20	3	5
Sukari <sup>(3)</sup>	209	169	292	162	1,106	826	1,421	1,153	10	10	20	22	37	27
Administration and other	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>AUSTRALIA</b>	288	233	338	155	1,798	1,456	2,070	1,636	16	8	11	11	11	10
Sunrise Dam	126	102	122	68	2,087	1,479	2,438	1,768	9	5	7	8	4	—
Tropicana - Attr. 70%	151	122	227	97	1,456	1,317	1,674	1,409	7	3	4	3	7	10
Administration and other	11	9	(11)	(10)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>AMERICAS</b>	225	232	400	143	923	1,170	1,481	1,731	35	36	17	12	2	—
Cerro Vanguardia <sup>(3)</sup>	121	111	196	62	602	1,201	1,117	1,577	14	7	7	8	—	—
AngloGold Ashanti Mineração <sup>(2)</sup>	104	85	204	88	1,159	897	1,768	1,544	21	22	10	3	2	—
Serra Grande <sup>(4)</sup>	—	36	—	(6)	—	2,485	—	3,403	—	7	—	1	—	—
Administration and other	—	—	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>PROJECTS</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	32	17
Colombian projects	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	10
North American projects	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	31	7
<b>CORPORATE AND OTHER</b>	—	1	—	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Managed operations</b>	1,293	1,124	1,943	839	1,377	1,213	1,980	1,657	160	139	129	84	139	80
<b>Non-managed joint ventures</b>	123	106	219	86	1,554	1,325	1,719	1,463	6	6	10	7	23	20
<b>Group total including equity-accounted non-managed joint ventures</b>	1,416	1,230	2,162	925	1,391	1,223	1,955	1,640	166	145	139	91	162	100

<sup>(1)</sup> Equity-accounted joint venture.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes gold concentrate from the Cuiabá mine sold to third parties.

<sup>(3)</sup> On a consolidated basis. Siguiri, Sukari and Cerro Vanguardia are owned 85%, 50% and 92.50% by AngloGold Ashanti, respectively.

<sup>(4)</sup> Serra Grande was sold on 1 December 2025.

\* Refer to "Non-GAAP disclosure" for definitions and reconciliations.

Rounding of figures may result in computational discrepancies.

## Administration and Corporate Information

### AngloGold Ashanti plc

Incorporated in England & Wales  
Registration No. 14654651  
LEI No. 2138005YDSA7A82RNU96

### Share codes:

ISIN: GB00BRXH2664  
CUSIP: G0378L100  
NYSE: AU  
JSE: ANG  
A2X: ANG  
GhSE (Shares): AGA  
GhSE (GhDS): AAD

### JSE Sponsor:

The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited

### Auditors:

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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Gillian Doran (Chief Financial Officer)

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Bruce Cleaver  
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AngloGold Ashanti posts information that may be important to investors on the main page of its website at [www.anglogoldashanti.com](http://www.anglogoldashanti.com) and under the "Investors" tab on the main page. This information is updated periodically. AngloGold Ashanti intends to use its website as a means of disclosing material non-public information to the public in a broad, non-exclusionary manner and for complying with its disclosure obligations. Accordingly, investors should visit this website regularly to obtain important information about AngloGold Ashanti, in addition to following its press releases, documents it files with, or furnishes to, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and public conference calls and webcasts. No material on the AngloGold Ashanti website forms any part of, or is incorporated by reference into, this document. References herein to the AngloGold Ashanti website shall not be deemed to cause such incorporation.

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